

**Governance Report**

**2025**

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

<b>Governance Report</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>First Rule - Construct a Balanced Board Composition</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Second Rule - Establish Appropriate Roles and Responsibilities</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Third Rule - Recruit Highly Qualified Candidates for Members of a Board of Directors and the Executive Management</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Fourth Rule -Safeguard the Integrity of Financial Reporting</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Fifth Rule – Apply Sound Systems of Risk Management and Internal Audit</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>Sixth Rule - Promote Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>Seventh Rule - Ensure Timely and High Quality Disclosure and Transparency</b>	<b>39</b>
<b>Eight Rule - Respect the Rights of Shareholders</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>Ninth Rule- Recognize the Roles of Stakeholders</b>	<b>44</b>
<b>Tenth Rule - Encourage and Enhance Performance</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>Eleventh Rule - Focus on the Importance of Corporate Social Responsibility</b>	<b>50</b>

## Governance Report

### Governance

Al-Tijaria is the first initiative and pioneer company in applying governance standards “Corporate Governance” in the State of Kuwait. The Board of Directors has taken upon itself responsibility of adhering to the standards of governance that were announced at the Ordinary General Assembly for the fiscal year ending on 31/12/2011, through the application of best practices, and a package of policies, procedures and mechanisms. The company’s eight-member Board of Directors has adopted the organizational structure and the governance guide that defines the responsibilities, powers and channels of communication between the different administrative levels, as well as regulating the relationship between each of the shareholders, the board of directors, the executive management and stakeholders.

Also, several committees were formed by the company’s board of directors to follow up on implementation of the best practices. The governance guide clarified the formation, tasks, powers and responsibilities of these committees and their mechanism of work, as well as evaluating committees, executive management and the board of directors, determining shareholders’ rights, setting ethical work charters and organizational policies for the company. The Board of Directors has set the system of financial, administrative and operational powers that defines the powers of the executive management, the committees emanating from the board, and the board of directors itself.

During 2025, Al-Tijaria committed to applying all governance standards in accordance with best practices, and submits relevant reports to the regulatory authorities on the specified dates. The Governance and Sustainability Committee and the Board of Directors also supervised the implementation process through periodic reports submitted to the Committee and the Board. The Board did not detect any deviations on the approved policies and rules or supervisory instructions regarding governance applications.

## First Rule - Construct a Balanced Board Composition

### Summary about the formation of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors consists of eight members; their term of membership is three years, based on the meeting of the Ordinary General Assembly held on April 29th, 2024. The Board of Directors is responsible to the general assembly of shareholders; and it is entrusted with the responsibility of protecting the interests of the company, developing its business, achieving its strategy, and devising the company's vision, mission, objectives and general strategy to achieve the shareholders' aspirations. The Board must also work to avoid conflicts of interest, with priority always being in favor of the company. The Board of Directors is committed to forming its committees within the framework of the requirements of the rules of governance, considering the diversity of expertise and specialized skills, which contributes to enhancing efficiency in decision-making. The majority of the company's board of directors consists of non-executive members, and the board includes independent members whose number does not exceed half of the board members, and this independence allows them to take decisions without being subjected to stress or obstacles.

#	Names	Members Classifications/ Secretary	Qualification & Practical Experience	Date of Election/ Appointment of the Secretary
1	Abdulfatah M. R. Marafie	Chairman (Non-executive)	Bachelor of Commerce (Administrative Sciences / Industrial Management) 47 years in the real estate, banking and investment sectors	29th April 2024
2	Adwan M. Aladwani	Vice Chairman (Non-executive)	Bachelor's degree in English Language and Literature 50 years in the real estate, banking and investment sectors	29th April 2024
3	Eng. Ibrahim M. Alghanim	Board Member (Non-executive)	Bachelor of Science in Marine Engineering 47 years in the real estate, hospitality, entertainment, services and oil sectors	29th April 2024
4	Feras Fahad Albahar	Board Member (Independent)	Master of Banking 33 years in the banking and investment sector	29th April 2024
5	Eng. Abdulmutaleb A.M. Marafie	Board Member (Executive)	Master of Business Administration Bachelor of Civil Engineering 26 years in real estate, business development, projects, tourism and hospitality	29th April 2024
6	Husam A. Albassam	Board Member (Independent)	Bachelor of Accounting, 25 years in the field of real estate and financial investment	29th April 2024
7	Talal J. Albahar	Board Member (Non-executive)	Bachelor of Business Administration 20 years in the real estate, investment and hospitality sectors	29th April 2024
8	Yousef Y. AlAwadhi	Board Member (Non-executive)	Bachelor of Business Administration (Accounting) 20 years in the banking, investment, education and real estate sectors	29th April 2024
*	Iman Amin El Mokaddem	Board's Secretary	Bachelor of Business Administration 26 years in the field of office management, executive management secretarial, Committees & Governance	29th April 2024

**Dates and attendance of the Board meetings 2025**

**The Board of Directors held 10 meetings, noting that the Board was formed based on the Ordinary General Assembly meeting (periodic elections) on April 29, 2024 and on October 16, 2024 (elections of a complementary member)**

#	Members, Positions & Classification	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Meeting Attending	Percentage/ Membership	Percentage/ Total
		17th February	17th March	28th April	12th May	29th June	27th July	11th August	17th September	10th November	15th December			
1	Abdulfatah M. R Marafie Chairman of the Board (Non-executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	9	90%	90%
2	Adwan Mohamad Aladwani Vice Chairman of the Board (Non -executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	100%	100%
3	Eng. Ebrahim Mohammad Alghanim Board Member (Non -executive)	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	9	90%	90%
4	Firas Fahed Al Baher Board Member (Independent)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	100%	100%
5	Hosam Abdul Rahman Al Bassam Board Member (Independent)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	100%	100%
6	Eng. Abdulmutaleb A. M Marafie Board Member (Executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	100%	100%
7	Talal Jassim Al Bahr Board Member (Non -executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	100%	100%
8	Yousef Yagoub Al Awadhi Board Member (Non -executive)	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	9	90%	90%
*	Iman Amin El Mokaddem (Board's Secretary)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	100%	100%

Not a Member	-
Attended	✓
Didn't Attend	✗

### **Coordination of board meetings, recording and keeping minutes of meetings**

The Board of Directors is committed to discussing any topics included on the meeting agendas with the utmost transparency, provided that the members are given all information that allows for decision-making, and the decisions taken and all facts, including reservations, are recorded in the minutes of the meeting (if any).

Mrs. Iman Amin El Mokaddem was re-appointed as Secretary of the Board of Directors from among the company's employees in her capacity as the Chairman Office Manager by decision issued by the Board of Directors No. 3/2024 on 29/4/2024, and her job duties were determined in line with the level of responsibilities assigned to her, which include the following:

1. Proper communication and distribution of information among members and other stakeholders, under the supervision of the Chairman.
2. Coordinating and preparing for the meetings of the Board of Directors, including the schedule, agenda, documents and others, and providing the members with them three working days prior to the date of the meeting, taking into account emergency meetings.
3. Writing down and keeping all minutes of the board meetings, records, books, and reports submitted to and from the Board.
4. Signing the minutes of the board meetings by the secretary and all the attending members of the board of directors.



# وزارة التجارة و الصناعة

Ministry of commerce and Industry




## إقرار عضو مجلس الإدارة المستقل

أقر أنا الموقع أدناه ..... فراس فهد أحمد البحر  
بطاقة مدنية (أو جواز سفر لغير المقيم) رقم .....  
والمرشح كعضو مجلس إدارة مستقل لدى شركة  
( الشركة التجارية العقارية بم.م.ك.ع. )  
بأنه تتوافر لدي الشروط التالية:

- 1- انني اتمتع بالاستقلالية على النحو الوارد في المادة (2-3) من الفصل الثالث من الكتاب الخامس عشر (حوكمة الشركات) من اللائحة التنفيذية للقانون رقم (7) لسنة 2010 بشأن إنشاء هيئة أسواق المال وتنظيم نشاط الأوراق المالية وتعديلاتها.
- 2- أنه يتوافر لدي المؤهلات والخبرات والمهارات الفنية التي تتناسب مع نشاط الشركة.

الاسم: فراس فهد أحمد البحر

التاريخ: 9/3/2026



التوقيع:



# وزارة التجارة و الصناعة

Ministry of commerce and Industry



## إقرار عضو مجلس الإدارة المستقل

أقر أنا الموقع أدناه ..... حسام عبدالرحمن محمد البسام .....  
بطاقة مدنية (أو جواز سفر لغير المقيم) رقم .....  
والمرشح كعضو مجلس إدارة مستقل لدى شركة  
( الشركة التجارية العقارية س.م.ك.ع. )  
بأنه تتوافر لدي الشروط التالية:

- 1- انني اتمتع بالاستقلالية على النحو الوارد في المادة (2-3) من الفصل الثالث من الكتاب الخامس عشر (حوكمة الشركات) من اللائحة التنفيذية للقانون رقم (7) لسنة 2010 بشأن إنشاء هيئة أسواق المال وتنظيم نشاط الأوراق المالية وتعديلاتها.
- 2- أنه يتوافر لدي المؤهلات والخبرات والمهارات الفنية التي تتناسب مع نشاط الشركة.

الاسم: حسام عبدالرحمن محمد البسام

التاريخ: 9/3/2026

التوقيع:

## Second Rule - Establish Appropriate Roles and Responsibilities

### Duties and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors may perform all duties required to manage the company in accordance with its objectives. This authority is only limited by what is stipulated in the law, the company's articles of association, or the resolutions of the general assembly. The Board may also distribute work among its members according to the nature of the company's business. The Board may also delegate one of its members, a committee of its members, or a third party to perform one or more specific tasks, supervise an aspect of the company's activity, or exercise some of the powers or competencies assigned to the Board. The duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Approving the company's important objectives, strategies, plans, and policies, which must include, at a minimum, the following:
  - The company's overall strategy and major business plans, reviewing and directing them.
  - The company's optimal capital structure and financial objectives.
  - A clear policy for distributing various types of dividends (cash/in-kind) in a manner that serves the interests of shareholders and the company.
  - Performance objectives, monitoring implementation, and overall performance within the company.
  - The company's organizational and functional structures and conducting periodic reviews thereof.
2. Approval of annual budget estimates and approval of interim and annual financial statements.
3. Oversight of the company's major capital expenditures, and the ownership and disposal of assets.
4. Ensuring the company's compliance with policies and procedures that ensure the company's compliance with applicable internal regulations and bylaws.
5. Ensuring the accuracy and integrity of data and information to be disclosed, in accordance with applicable disclosure and transparency policies and procedures.
6. Establishing effective communication channels that enable the company's shareholders to be continuously and periodically informed of various aspects of its activities and significant developments.
7. Establishing a governance system, providing general oversight, monitoring its effectiveness, and amending it as necessary.
8. Monitoring the performance of each member of the Board of Directors and Executive Management according to objective key performance indicators (KPIs).
9. Preparing an annual report to be read at the General Assembly, including the requirements and procedures for completing the governance rules and the extent of compliance with them, as well as the rules that have not been complied with, along with the justifications for such non-compliance.
10. Forming specialized committees according to a charter that clarifies the committee's term, powers, responsibilities, and the manner in which the board shall oversee them. The formation decision also includes the appointment of members and the definition of their duties and rights, and their duties, as well as evaluating the performance and work of these committees and their key members.

11. Ensure that the company's approved policies and regulations are transparent and clear, enabling decision-making and achieving the principles of good governance, including the separation of powers and authorities between the Board of Directors and Executive Management. The Board of Directors is responsible for the following:
  - Approving the internal regulations and systems related to the company's operations and development, and the subsequent definition of tasks, competencies, duties, and responsibilities across the various organizational levels.
  - Approving the policy for delegating and implementing the tasks assigned to Executive Management.
12. Determining the powers delegated to Executive Management, the decision-making procedures, and the duration of the delegation. The Board also determines the issues over which it retains the authority to decide. Executive Management submits periodic reports on its exercise of the delegated powers.
13. Overseeing and monitoring the performance of executive management members and ensuring they perform all their duties. The Board is responsible for the following:
  - Ensuring that executive management operates in accordance with the policies and regulations approved by the Board of Directors.
  - Holding periodic meetings with executive management to discuss work progress and any obstacles and problems encountered, as well as reviewing and discussing important information related to the company's activities.
  - Setting performance standards for executive management those are consistent with the company's objectives and strategy.
14. Determining the rewards to be granted to employees, such as fixed and performance-related rewards, and share-based rewards.
15. Appointing or dismissing any member of the executive management, including the CEO and the positions directly reporting to him within the company's organizational structure, ensuring that the required qualifications for members of the Board of Directors are met, and establishing a mechanism for applying the requirements for integrity and financial soundness standards to members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management.
16. Developing a policy regulating the relationship with stakeholders to protect their rights.
17. Establish a mechanism to regulate dealings with related parties to mitigate conflicts of interest.
18. Periodically ensure the effectiveness and adequacy of the internal control systems in place within the company and its subsidiaries, including:
  - Ensuring the integrity of financial and accounting systems, including systems related to financial reporting.
  - Ensuring the implementation of appropriate control systems to measure and manage risks by identifying the scope of risks that the company may face, creating a culture of risk mitigation at the company level, and communicating this transparently to stakeholders and relevant parties.
  - Recommending the appointment of independent auditors.
  - Recommending the appointment of the Sharia Supervisory Board.
  - Approving the company's code of conduct and ethics, as well as its work policies and procedures.
19. Preparing an annual report to be read at the General Assembly, including the requirements and procedures for completing the governance rules and the extent of compliance with them, as well as the rules that have not been complied with, along with the justifications for such non-compliance.
20. Developing a plan/policy to incorporate sustainability factors into the company's overall strategy, key business plans, and risk measurement and management process, if necessary.
21. The Board of Directors is responsible for recommending the date on which the company's shareholders are entitled to cash dividends and bonus shares, as well as determining the date on which they will be distributed.

## Board of Directors Achievements

During the year 2025, the Board of Directors accomplished its tasks and responsibilities in accordance with the approved powers. Here is an overview of the most important achievements:

1. Follow up the implementation of the objectives in accordance with the approved strategies and plans of the company.
2. Reviewing and approving the annual report, the governance report, and the governance requirements fulfillment form.
3. Reviewing and approving the interim and annual financial statements.
4. Reviewing and approving the estimated budget and comparing it with the achieved interim results.
5. Reviewing and approving policies, procedures, plans and reports related to the company's business and activities.
6. Recommendation to the Ordinary General Assembly regarding the appointment / re-appointment or change of the external auditor.
7. Follow up on the decisions of the committees emanating from the Board of Directors and the recommendations issued by it, and follow up on implementation thereof.
8. Follow up the reports of the Internal Audit Department and ensure that the relevant committee takes corrective measures and follow up on implementation thereof.
9. Follow up the Risk Management Reports and ensure that the competent committee takes corrective measures and follow up on implementation thereof.
10. Issuing a statement in the event of a conflict between the recommendations of the Audit and Risk Committee and the decisions of the Board of Directors and the reasons that led to the Board's decision not to comply with those recommendations, and that all recommendations issued by the Committee have been reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors.

## Duties, Responsibilities Authority and achievements of the Executive Management

The following are some of the tasks and responsibilities of the Executive Management that must be adhered to, in light of the powers and authorities delegated to it by the Board of Directors.

1. Providing recommendations regarding the strategy followed for the purpose of improvement and development through well-thought-out plans.
2. Implementing the company's strategic plans and related internal policies and ensuring their adequacy and effectiveness.
3. Full responsibility for the company's overall performance and business results by establishing a management structure that promotes accountability and transparency.
4. Providing the necessary information and reports in a timely, accurate, and comprehensive manner.
5. Providing periodic financial and operational reports on the performance of departments regarding the progress made in the company's activities in light of the strategic plans and objectives, to be presented to the Board of Directors.
6. Establishing an integrated accounting system that maintains books, records, and accounts that accurately reflect the company's financial statements and income statements, enabling the preservation of the company's assets and preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the international accounting standards approved by the Authority.
7. Submitting proposals and reports on the powers and authorities granted to the Executive Management.
8. Following up on the implementation of the powers and responsibilities granted in accordance with the approved authority matrix.
9. Developing, amending, and updating policies and procedures, discussing and approving them by the Board of Directors, and working towards their implementation.
10. Establishing internal control and risk management systems, ensuring the effectiveness and adequacy of these systems, and ensuring compliance with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors.
11. Managing all activities, human resources, and financial resources effectively; to maximize profits, minimize expenses, and achieve the company's objectives and strategy.
12. Participating actively in building and developing a culture of ethical values within the company.
13. Supervising and following up to ensure the implementation of applicable laws, regulations, and policies, including the governance manual, by employees in achieving the company's strategy, in addition to submitting reports containing recommendations regarding obstacles and required amendments based on implementation results.

During 2025, the Executive Management fulfilled its duties and responsibilities in accordance with powers thereof.

## Formation of Board Committees

1. The Board of Directors shall form specialized committees affiliated with it, in accordance with a charter that specifies the committee's term, powers, responsibilities, and the manner in which the Board shall oversee it. The formation decision shall also include the appointment of members and the definition of their duties, rights, and obligations. This shall also include an evaluation of the performance and work of these committees and their key members.
2. The Board of Directors forms permanent and temporary committees, with the aim of distributing the tasks and activities of the Board of Directors among the Board members and the executive management, providing sufficient time for detailed deliberations of all aspects of the work, and supporting the Board to carry out some specific tasks on its behalf, and to submit periodic reports and recommendations.
3. Committee members are appointed by the board, and a sufficient number of non-executive board members are appointed to the relevant committees, in addition to independent members, in accordance with best practices and regulations in this regard. Each committee shall have its own charter that defines the purpose of the committee as well as the qualifications necessary for committee membership.
4. The formation of the committees of the board of directors shall be in accordance with general procedures set by the board of directors, which include determining the committee's mission, the duration of its work, the powers granted to it during this period, and how the board of directors monitors them with absolute transparency. The Board of Directors should follow up the work of the committees periodically to verify that they carry out the tasks entrusted to them, and the work charters of all the committees are approved by the Board.

## Conditions to be met by Committee Members

1. To have the appropriate capabilities and qualifications, sufficient experience and honesty to perform the tasks and responsibilities; to be familiar with the financial, accounting and administrative rules for membership of the Audit and Risk Committee.
2. To not have a direct or indirect interest in the business and contracts made for the company's account.
3. The member of the committee shall abide by the obligations of the member of the board of directors to fully maintain the confidentiality of information and not to disclose the company's secrets.

## Committee Membership

1. The number of members of each committee shall not be less than three and not more than five.
2. The term of the committee's membership shall be from one to three years, and it shall not exceed the remaining term of the membership of the Board of Directors.
3. The Board of Directors appoints a replacement member if the position of one of the committee members becomes vacant.
4. Each committee chooses from its members a chairperson at its first meeting or during the board of directors meeting. The committee's reporter/committee secretary is also chosen from among the company's employees.
5. The Chairman of the Board of Directors may not be a member of any of the committees imposed by the Capital Markets Authority on listed companies, except for the Nominations and Remuneration Committee.
6. Both the Remuneration and Nominations Committee and the Audit Committee must have at least one independent member.
7. The Chairman of both the Risk Committee and the Audit Committee must be a non-executive member.
8. Executive members are prohibited from joining the Audit Committee.
9. The members of the Audit Committee must include at least one member with academic qualifications and/or practical experience in the accounting and financial fields.

## Governance & Sustainability Committee

### Formation requirements, objectives, tasks and responsibilities

The committee consists of three (or more) members from the Board of Directors or company employees, with the Chairman of the Board of Directors serving as the Chairman of the committee. The committee meets at least twice a year. The committee aims to:

- **Governance:** Ensure the preparation, monitoring, and oversight of the implementation of governance principles and compliance with the instructions, regulations, and laws issued by various regulatory authorities in this regard, and the extent to which the company's policies, regulations, and procedures comply with these instructions. It also aims to take corrective and preventive measures and actions when necessary, achieving balance and harmony between the powers of the company's management and protecting the rights of shareholders and stakeholders.
- **Sustainability:** Enhance the company's efforts to achieve sustainability of environmental, social, and governance, improve resource management, and achieve a balance between financial performances, environmental, social, and governance considerations, and the company's and society's objectives.

#### The committee's duties and responsibilities include:

##### Governance tasks:

1. Review and initially approve the governance report in accordance with the balanced structure of the Board of Directors and present it to the Board of Directors for final approval.
2. Review and initially approve the governance manual in accordance with the requirements of the Capital Markets Authority and other relevant authorities. Other oversight functions before submitting it to the Board of Directors for final approval.
3. Review and initially approve the Compliance and Governance Department's Policies and Procedures Manual before submitting it to the Board of Directors for final approval.
4. Review and initially approve the Compliance and Governance Department's Business Plan before submitting it to the Board of Directors for final approval.
5. Oversee the implementation of governance principles and frameworks in accordance with the relevant regulatory authorities and the Governance Manual approved by the Board of Directors.
6. Continuously review the decisions, laws, and instructions issued by regulatory authorities regarding governance rules and practices, and submit recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding any changes deemed necessary to develop and implement new standards and practices.
7. Form subcommittees and working groups, by decision of the Committee Chairman alone or by the Committee members collectively, to carry out specific tasks that will provide support and assistance for the optimal implementation of governance principles and frameworks and increase employee awareness of the importance of governance objectives and requirements.
8. Oversee the preparation and initial approval of the social responsibility plan and present it to the Board of Directors for final approval.
9. Oversee the implementation of the social responsibility plan.
10. Oversee the preparation of the annual social responsibility report and present it to the Board of Directors for final approval.
11. Coordinate with the Compliance and Governance Department to ensure compliance with and optimal implementation of the procedures of Al-Tijaria Governance Manual.
12. Inform the Board of Directors of the latest developments, decisions, and laws issued by various regulatory authorities.

13. Reviews the report on lawsuits filed by and against the company, verify their causes and current status, and provide recommendations regarding them.
14. Carry out any other responsibilities assigned to the committee by the Board of Directors, in accordance with the approved Authority Matrix.

**Sustainability Tasks:**

1. Review and initially approve the company's Sustainability of Environmental, Social & Governance (ESG) related policies and procedures.
2. Oversee the development and implementation of Sustainability ESG-related strategies.
3. Ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and standards related to Sustainability (ESG) and manage associated risks.
4. Monitor the company's (ESG) performance and practices.
5. Review Sustainability (ESG) reports before presenting them to the Board of Directors and relevant stakeholders.
6. Engaging with stakeholders and involving them on ESG issues and integrate their feedback into the company's ESG practices.

The Committee may also seek support from external advisors as needed to effectively carry out the above-mentioned duties and meet environmental, social, and governance (ESG) obligations.

### Dates and attendance of Governance and Sustainability Committee meetings during 2025

The committee held (6) meetings, noting that the committee was formed based on the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting (periodic elections) on April 29, 2024, and on October 16, 2024 (elections of a Complementary member).

#	Members, Positions & Classification	1	2	3	4	5	6	Meeting Attending	Percentage/ Membership	Percentage/ Total
		16th February	16th March	12th May	29th June	10th August	9th November			
1	Abdulfatah M. R Marafie Chairman (Non-executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6	100%	100%
2	Eng. Abdulmutaleb A.M. Marafie Vice Chairman (Executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6	100%	100%
3	Eng. Yousef Ghazi Alsaqabi Member (Executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6	100%	100%
4	Husam A. M. Albassam Member (Independent)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6	100%	100%
5	Mansour Mohsen Kamal Member (Non-executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6	100%	100%
6	Jaber Kazim Marafie Member (Non-executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6	100%	100%
*	Iman Amin El Mokaddem (Committee's Rapporteur)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6	100%	100%

Not a Member	-
Attended	✓
Didn't Attend	✗

## Governance & Sustainability Committee Achievements

The committee submits all its recommendations to the Board of Directors. Its achievements include the following:

1. Governance report and annual report.
2. Follow up compliance with governance requirements.
3. Providing the members of the Board of Directors and the executive management with all the company's disclosures.
4. Governance Manual Update (Thirteenth, & Fourteenth Edition).
5. Compliance and Governance Department plan.
6. Social responsibility plan.
7. Updating disclosure and transparency policies and procedures.
8. Updating Compliance and Governance Department policies and procedures.
9. Sustainability ESG Report for the year 2024.

## Audit and Risk Committee

### Formation requirements, objectives, tasks, responsibilities, powers and achievements

The Board of Directors has met the requirements for forming an Audit and Risk Committee, consisting of three members by the end of 2025. Its chairman is a non-executive member of the Board and includes an independent member. The committee meets at least four times annually and aims to assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities, including ensuring compliance with audit standards and the effective implementation of the company's various policies, identifying weaknesses and taking corrective action. The committee also works to manage the risks to which the company may be exposed, establishing the necessary controls to mitigate them, determining the company's risk appetite and acceptable risk-to-benefit ratios, and submitting relevant recommendations to the Board of Directors.

Its responsibilities include:

1. Reviewing the interim and annual financial statements and the external auditor's report, and initially approving them before submitting them to the Board of Directors for final approval, with the aim of ensuring the fairness and transparency of financial reporting.
2. Recommending to the Board of Directors the appointment, reappointment, or replacement of external auditors and determining their remuneration. When recommending appointments, care must be taken to ensure their independence and review their letters of appointment.
3. Monitor the work of the external auditors and mitigate factors that may undermine their independence by ensuring that they do not provide services to the company other than those required by the auditing profession.
4. Review the external auditors' observations on the company's financial statements and follow up on their actions.
5. Review the accounting principles and policies applied by the company and make recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding them.
6. Evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the company's internal control systems and prepare a report containing the committee's opinion and recommendations in this regard.
7. Technically supervise the work of the internal audit to verify its effectiveness in carrying out the tasks and duties specified by the Board of Directors.
8. Recommend the appointment, transfer, dismissal, or replacement of the internal audit manager and evaluate his performance and that of the internal audit department.
9. Review and approve the annual internal audit plan.
10. Review the results of the internal audit reports of the company's various departments, discuss the comments received, and ensure that corrective decisions are taken.
11. Reviewing regulatory reports and ensuring that the necessary actions have been taken.
12. Ensuring the company's compliance with relevant laws, policies, regulations, and instructions.
13. Preparing and reviewing risk management strategies and policies prior to their approval by the Board of Directors, ensuring the implementation of these strategies and policies and ensuring that they are consistent with the nature and scale of the company's activities.

14. Ensuring the availability of adequate resources and systems for risk management, reviewing the organizational structure of the risk management and making recommendations regarding it prior to its approval by the Board of Directors, ensuring that management personnel have a full understanding of the risks surrounding the company, and ensuring the independence of risk personnel from operational activities.
15. Assisting the Board of Directors in determining and assessing the company's acceptable level of risk, evaluating the systems and mechanisms for identifying, measuring, and monitoring the various types of risks to which the company may be exposed, and ensuring that the company does not exceed this level of risk after its approval by the Board of Directors.
16. Studying and reviewing the company's risk reports and the measures taken to mitigate or address these risks within the company's approved acceptable risk-to-benefit ratios, and submitting these reports to the company's Board of Directors.
17. Reviewing and initially approving the internal audit and risk management policies and procedures manuals.
18. Reviewing related party transaction reports and making recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding them.
19. Reviewing information security reports and making recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding them.
20. Carrying out any other responsibilities assigned to the committee by the Board of Directors in accordance with the approved authorities matrix.

During 2025, the Committee fulfilled its duties and responsibilities in accordance with its authorities.

**Dates and attendance of the Audit and Risk Committee meetings 2025**

The Board of Directors held (13) meetings, noting that the Board was formed based on the Ordinary General Assembly meeting (periodic elections) on April 29, 2024

#	Members, Positions & Classification	Meeting Attending													Percentage/ Membership	Percentage/ Total	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			
1	Eng. Ebrahim Mohammad Alghanim Chairman (Non-Executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	13	100%	100%
2	Yousef Yagoub Al Awadhi Vice Chairman (Non-Executive)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	13	100%	100%
3	Firas Fahed Al Baher Member (Independent)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	13	100%	100%
*	Hossam Samir Habib (Committee's Rapporteur)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	13	100%	100%
*	Rawan Jalal Sabah (Committee's Secretary)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	12	92%	92%

Not a Member	-
Attended	✓
Didn't Attend	✗

## Achievements of the Audit and Risk Committee

**The committee submits all its recommendations to the board of directors, and its achievements include the following:**

1. Preparing the annual audit committee report and evaluating the internal control systems.
2. Review and recommend the approval of the interim and annual financial statements in accordance with the committee meetings in the presence of the external auditor.
3. Discussing and approving the internal audit plan.
4. Discussing internal audit reports, taking corrective actions and following them up.
5. Discuss and approve the risk management plan, risk assessment reports, and risk operations record.
6. Review and recommend adoption of updates to risk appetite and risk strategies.
7. Reviewing and recommending the approval of policies and procedures for relevant departments such as internal audit, risk management, accounting, finance and strategic planning, in addition to recommending the approval of relevant governance policies and procedures.
8. Recommending the appointment/reappointment or change of the external auditor and ensure their independence and review the appointment letter.
9. Recommending the appointment of an Auditing Office to prepare a report on internal control systems (ICR) annually.
10. Recommending the appointment of an Auditing Office to prepare a report on the quality of internal audit work (QAR) every three years.
11. Annual evaluation of the external auditor, risk management, internal audit department and manager.
12. Other regulatory matters such as information security & IT auditing.

## Remuneration and Nominations Committee

### Formation requirements, objectives, tasks, responsibilities, powers and achievements

The company's Board of Directors has fulfilled the requirements for forming a Remuneration and Nominations Committee, which consists of three (or more) members from the Board of Directors, and its chairman is a non-executive member of the Board. The committee also includes an independent member. The committee meets at least twice a year. The committee aims to assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities and supervisory duties. This includes ensuring the nomination of qualified individuals for Board of Directors membership and executive and administrative positions within the company. It also ensures that these nominations are conducted within an institutional framework characterized by efficiency and complete transparency. This framework serves the company's interests and thus achieves shareholders' objectives. The committee also performs supervisory duties to ensure the integrity and soundness of the company's remuneration and allocations policy for members of the Board of Directors and executive management. It also ensures that these remunerations are fair and contribute significantly to attracting highly qualified and technically competent human resources. The committee also aims to consolidate the principle of belonging to the company, in accordance with the following powers:

1. Recommending the acceptance of the nomination and re-nomination of the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management.
2. Developing a clear policy for remuneration for members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management, with an annual review of the required needs of skills appropriate for membership in the Board of Directors, studying and reviewing those requests, and determining the different segments of remuneration that will be granted to employees, such as the fixed remuneration segment, the performance-related remuneration segment, and the remuneration segment in the form of Shares, a tranche of end-of-service rewards, and setting up a system of incentives and rewards by evaluating the performance of both managers/executive management and company employees.
3. Developing job descriptions for executive members, non-executive members, independent members in the BOD and the CEO.
4. Ensure that the independent member of the Board of Directors does not lack independence aspect, and there is no conflict of interest regarding the membership on the board of directors of another company.
5. Preparing a detailed annual report on all remunerations granted to members of the Board and the Executive Management, whether they are amounts, benefits or privileges, of whatever its nature or name, directly or indirectly through the company or its subsidiaries, provided that this report is presented to the company's general assembly for approval thereupon.
6. Follow up the performance of members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management according to Key Performance Indicators (KPIs).
7. Initial approval of the annual employment plan in accordance with the company's needs and the recommendations of executive management to be submitted to the Board of Directors for final approval.
8. Initial approval of a plan to rotate and replace executive positions to be submitted to the Board of Directors for final approval.
9. Provide recommendations to the Board of Directors to appoint members of the executive management and vacant leadership positions in accordance with approved policies and standards in a manner that does not conflict with the instructions and regulating laws.
10. Identify the strengths and weaknesses of the Board of Directors through self-evaluation and recommend taking the necessary measures to correct any failures in proportion to the company's interest.
11. Supervising the preparation of the training plan for all company employees and monitoring its implementation.
12. Review the annual employee turnover rate to measure the degree of loyalty to the company, maintain professional competencies, and develop the necessary recommendations to be submitted to the Board of Directors for approval/ rejection.
13. Approving the company's job grades and salaries' structure, to be submitted to the Board of Directors for final approval.
14. Provide periodic updates to the organizational structure based on administrative decisions related to changes and administrative responsibilities.
15. Supervision and initial approval of the insurance mechanism for risks related to the professional liability of members of the Board of Directors and executive management.
16. Carrying out any other responsibilities assigned to the committee by the Board of Directors in accordance with the approved authority matrix.

Dates and attendance of Remuneration and Nominations Committee meetings during 2025							
The committee held (3) meetings, noting that the committee was formed based on the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting (election cycle) on April 29, 2024							
#	Names, Positions & Classification	1	2	3	Meeting Attending	Percentage/ Membership	Percentage/ Total
		17th February	16th March	10th November			
1	Talal J. M. Albahar Chairman (Non-executive)	✓	✓	✓	3	100%	100%
2	Adwan M. A. Aladwani Vice Chairman (Non-executive)	✓	✓	✓	3	100%	100%
3	Husam A. M. Albassam Member (Independent)	✓	✓	✓	3	100%	100%
*	Mohammad Haidar Ghadanfari Committee's Rapporteur	✓	✓	✓	3	100%	100%
*	Fayrouz Mahmoud Shaheen Committee's Secretary	✓	✓	✓	3	100%	100%

Not a Member	-
Attended	✓
Didn't Attend	✗

#### Achievements of the Remuneration and Nominations Committee

The committee submits all its recommendations to the Board of Directors, and its most important achievements include the following:

1. Nomination and re-nomination of members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management.
2. Professional liability insurance for members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management.
3. Policies and procedures related to the Committee's duties.
4. Training plan, recruitment plan, and succession plan.
5. Board member remuneration and attendance allowance for committee meetings.
6. Remuneration of executive management, employees of the Company, and subsidiaries.
7. Annual report on remuneration granted to members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management, and those granted to the CEOs who received the highest amounts from the Company.

### Board members obtaining of accurate and timely information and data

1. The company follows an accurate system for submitting reports and information at all administrative levels, whether at the level of the executive management, committees or the board of directors. It includes many types of weekly, monthly and quarterly reports in addition to reports of an immediate nature that are linked to urgent information.
2. As for the documents of the Board and committee meetings, they are provided with an electronic copy that they can keep permanently for reference when needed or necessary.
3. In the event that one, a number, or all members of the Board of Directors request any information, data, or reports, whether during Board of Directors meetings, committee meetings, or through e-mail, by official letter, or by telephone, coordination will be made with the relevant department to prepare the required requirements/information/reports and present them to Chairman of the Board of Directors for review and then send it to the members at the next meeting for discussion or as soon as possible according to the following:
  - Reports are characterized by brevity, accuracy, and materiality in presenting information, so that the information and data presented in the report are very comprehensive and consistent, and that they are material and important information that facilitates the decision-making process.
  - Periodic presentation of reports, where the report is updated with the latest information and developments and is prepared according to specific and sequential time frames and submitted at the appropriate time (three days before the meeting, excluding emergency meetings) to ensure sufficient time is available to study the information.
4. The infrastructure of information technology systems is constantly being developed, especially reporting systems, to ensure that all reports are prepared with a high degree of quality and accuracy and are submitted to the members of the Board of Directors in a timely manner.

## Third Rule - Recruit Highly Qualified Candidates for Members of a Board of Directors and the Executive Management

### Summary of the rewards and incentives policy granted to members of the Board of Directors, executive management and managers

The Board of Directors has established a clear policy for the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and the executive management, with an annual review of the requirements required for the appropriate skills for membership of the Board of Directors, as well as attracting applications for those wishing to occupy executive positions as needed, studying and reviewing those applications, and determining the different segments of the rewards that will be granted to employees, such as fixed bonuses, performance-related bonuses, stock bonuses, and end-of-service remuneration.

#### 1. Policy of remuneration and incentives granted to members of the Board of Directors:

- The total estimated remuneration may not exceed 10% of net profits (after deducting depreciation, reserves and dividend distribution of not less than 5% of the capital or any higher percentage stipulated in the company's articles of association).
- The company's general assembly has the right to exempt the independent board member from the maximum mentioned remuneration.
- The Remuneration and Nominations Committee is responsible for proposing recommendations regarding the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors and submits its recommendations or not to the Board of Directors for approval, which in turn presents them to the General Assembly to decide on them.
- The Remuneration and Nominations Committee is responsible for proposing recommendations regarding the remuneration of members of committees emanating from the Board of Directors and submitting its recommendations to the Board for approval.

#### 2. Rewards and incentives policy granted to executive management and managers:

- Bonuses are linked to all performance levels of the company's employees.
- The rewards must be consistent with the company's strategy and objectives in the short and long term.
- The rewards should be in line with the experience and qualifications of the company's employees at various job levels, the company's size and nature, and the risks to which it is exposed.
- Linking rewards to the soundness of the company's operations and financial position.
- Balancing the salary and bonus structure to ensure factors that attract qualified people are in line with the company's business, activities, and business results appropriately, fairly and without exaggeration.

The reward system for executive management considers the environment in which the company operates, the results it achieves, and the degree of the company's risk tolerance. It includes the following main components:

#### A. Fixed remuneration

- Fixed remuneration is determined in the company, considering the level of responsibilities assigned and the career path specified in the company.
- Fixed remuneration and end-of-service are contractually agreed upon as compensation for their skills, competencies and experience used to perform their job role and in accordance with the requirements of the Labor Law in the Private Sector and other relevant regulatory requirements.
- Fixed remuneration is reviewed periodically to re-evaluate the total remuneration package, market conditions, and performance at the individual and company levels in general.
- Fixed remuneration, including salaries, allowances and benefits, are determined within the salary and job grade structure approved by the company's Board of Directors.

#### B. Variable remuneration

- Variable remunerations are linked to the process of achieving pre-set goals and managing risks effectively.

- This type of remunerations is designed to motivate. Variable bonuses are allocated based on individual performance and the company's overall performance.
- Variable remuneration is offered in cash or in the form of shares if the company decides to adopt a stock options system. This matter is determined annually by the Nominations and Remuneration Committee before being approved by the Board of Directors.
- The company's variable remuneration system is based on the process of determining performance indicators for executive management. By adhering to these indicators, the value of the variable bonuses due to members of the executive management is determined, and these bonuses are distributed based on individual performance.

**C. Balance between fixed and variable remunerations**

The company ensures that there is an appropriate balance between fixed and variable rewards, in order to be able to reduce variable rewards in the event of weak or negative financial performance. The percentage of fixed and variable remuneration is reviewed and determined annually by the Board of Directors based on the recommendation of the Nominations and Remuneration Committee.

- The Remuneration and Nominations Committee is responsible for setting the remuneration policy for the company's executive management, and its goal is to achieve a balance between competitive remuneration in the market to retain talent and develop current and future shareholder returns.
- The Remuneration and Nominations Committee works to benefit from analytical tools, qualitative and quantitative procedures, and studies provided by external companies specialized in the process of formulating rewards offers and incentive programs for the company's executive management, including annual performance rewards and short- and long-term incentives (upon request).
- In addition to this, the company has a system to monitor and evaluate the performance of the company's executive management and employees.

**3. Procedures and mechanism for disbursing rewards and incentives:**

- Evaluation forms (key performance indicators, goal indicators, and annual evaluation) are filled out for all the company's employees and approved by the company's CEO, in accordance with the procedures stipulated in the group's human resources management policies and procedures, and in accordance with the forms approved by the Remuneration and Nominations Committee and the Board of Directors.
- The Remuneration and Nominations Committee submits its recommendation to the Board of Directors for approval, either by distributing a percentage of the company's net profits or using the available allocation allocated to the company from previous years.
- The Board of Directors authorizes the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the CEO of the company to disburse these bonuses according to what it deems appropriate in terms of the method of disbursing them and the date of their distribution.

## Remunerations and benefits of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management for the fiscal year ending 31/12/2025

		Rewards and benefits for members of the Board of Directors* for the fiscal year ending on 31/12/2025 (Kuwaiti Dinars)														
		Rewards and benefits through the mother Company						Rewards and benefits through the Subsidiaries								
Total number of the members		Fixed Rewards and benefits			Variant Rewards and benefits			Fixed Rewards and benefits			Variant Rewards and benefits					
		Health Insurance	Life Insurance	Professional Liability Insurance	Annual Bonus	Board Members Remuneration	Committees Reward	Monthly Salary	Annual Leave	End of Service	Health Insurance	Life Insurance	Professional Liability Insurance	Car Allowance	Board Members Remuneration	Board Members Remuneration
8		495	108	1,576	-	128,000	-	301,092	55,001	66,000	495	-	1,773	7,200	6,000	300,000

Total remunerations and benefits granted to five senior executives who received the highest remunerations, in addition to the Chief Executive Officer and the Finance Manager or whoever replaces them if they are not among them\* for the fiscal year ending on 31/12/2025 (Kuwaiti Dinars)

The total number of executive positions	Rewards and benefits through the mother Company												Rewards and benefits through the Subsidiaries						Variant Rewards and benefits		
	Fixed Rewards and benefits						Fixed Rewards and benefits						Fixed Rewards and benefits			Fixed Rewards and benefits					
	Monthly Salaries	Annual Leave	End of Service Indemnity	Health Insurance	Life Insurance	Professional Liability Insurance	Car Allowance	Annual Bonus	Monthly Salaries	Annual Leave	End of Service Indemnity	Health Insurance	Life Insurance	Professional Liability Insurance	Car Allowance	Professional Liability Insurance	Board Members Reward	Board Members Remuneration	Annual Bonus		
6	257,563	44,827	18,692	2,972	1,338	1,182	162,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	985	985	-	18,000	-	-		

\*All details, segments, and types of rewards and benefits granted by Al- Tijaria Real Estate Company and its subsidiaries during the year 2025 have been added. The company did not record any essential deviations from the remuneration policy approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Fourth Rule -Safeguard the Integrity of Financial Reporting

##### Acknowledgment of the BOD with soundness and integrity of the Financial Statements For the fiscal year ending on 31/12/2025

The Chairman and members of the Board of Directors of the Commercial Real Estate Company (Al- Tijaria) acknowledge and undertake the safety and integrity of the financial statements that have been provided to the external auditor, and that the company's financial reports have been presented in a sound and fair manner, in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IAS) applied in the State of Kuwait and approved by the Supervisory Board, and that they express the company's financial position As on December 31, 2025, based on the information and reports received from us by the executive management and the auditors, and by doing so the accounts, and doing due diligence to verify the integrity and accuracy of these reports.

- Consolidated statement of financial position.
- Consolidated income statement.
- Consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- Consolidated statement of changes in equity.
- Consolidated statement of cash flows.
- The explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Member's Name	Position	Signature
Abdulfatah M. R. Marafie	Chairman of the Board	
Adwan M. Aladwani	Vice Chairman of the Board	
Eng. Ibrahim M. Alghanim	Board Member	
Feras Fahad Albahar	Board Member	
Husam A. Albassam	Board Member	
Eng. Abdulmutaleb A.M. Marafie	Board Member	
Talal J. Albahar	Board Member	
Yousef Y. Alawadhi	Board Member	



**Acknowledgment of the Executive Management of safety and integrity of financial statements  
For the fiscal year ending on 31/12/2025**

We, the undersigned, acknowledge and undertake the safety and integrity of the financial reports, which cover all financial aspects of data and operational results as come to our knowledge, and according to in which the external auditor has provided, and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and that the consolidated financial statements of the Al Tijaria Real Estate Company express fairly in all material respects, the financial position as of December 31, 2025, bearing in mind that the company's financial statements consist of:

- Consolidated statement of financial position.
- Consolidated income statement.
- Consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- Consolidated statement of changes in equity.
- Consolidated statement of cash flows.
- The explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Eng. Abdulmutaleb A.M. Marafie  
CEO & Board Member

Fuad Hasan Darwish  
Accounting Department  
Manager

Walid Youssef Wizani  
Finance and Strategic planning  
Department Manager



**Annual Report of the Annual Audit Committee  
For the fiscal year ending on 31/12/2025**

**Dear Shareholders,**

On my own behalf and on behalf of my fellow committee members, I am pleased to present to you the Audit Committee's report on the work of the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2025, which includes its evaluation of the internal control and risk management systems and ensuring their effectiveness within the framework of the committee's responsibilities in accordance with the requirements of the executive regulations of the Capital Markets Authority Law (Corporate Governance Book). The committee played its role in the field of internal audit, control and risk management, and held periodic meetings during the year with the aim of assisting the company's board of directors in performing its duties and responsibilities.

Accordingly, the company's departments and divisions carry out their work in accordance with policies and procedures within the limits of the powers granted and approved. In the field of control, the Risk, Compliance, Governance, Mechanism and Strategic Planning Department directs and assists the rest of the departments and divisions in monitoring risks and improving control and compliance. The Internal Audit Department also conducts independent reviews and discusses deficiencies in the application of controls and corrective measures thereon. The company appoints an independent external audit office to submit an annual report on the evaluation of internal control systems. The results are discussed through the relevant committees, especially the Audit and Risk Committee and the Governance Committee, and recommendations are presented to the Board of Directors.

**Opinion of the Audit and Risk Committee**

Based on the tasks we have performed, and the confirmations and disclosures obtained from executive management, it has been confirmed that the internal control procedures are considered reasonably adequate in material respects and to a degree that balances cost and benefit. Given the risks inherent in any internal control system, it is not possible to provide absolute assurance that there are no control weaknesses. Note that no violations were detected by the relevant regulatory authorities and no financial or non-financial penalties were applied to the company.

The Audit and Risk Committee confirms that all of the committee's recommendations submitted to the company's Board of Directors during the financial year ending on December 31, 2025, and up to the date of preparing this report have been approved, and the committee has not detected any conflict between its recommendations and the decisions of the Board of Directors.



Eng. Ibrahim M. Alghanim  
Chairman of the Committee.

## Independence and Neutrality of the External Auditor

The company is committed to complying with the instructions and regulations related to the appointment of the company's auditor, considering the following:

- Ensuring the independence and neutrality of the external auditor from the company and its board of directors.
- The annual ordinary general assembly appoints the company's auditor based on the proposal of the Board of Directors, considering the following:
  1. Nominating the auditor based on a recommendation from the Audit and Risk Committee submitted to the Board of Directors.
  2. Choosing the auditors registered in the special register with the Supervisory Board, fulfilling all the conditions stipulated in the requirements of the Supervisory Board's decision in this regard.
  3. Ensuring the independence of the external auditor from the company and its board of directors, and not carrying out additional work for the company, except for auditing and auditing, to ensure that neutrality and independence.
  4. Inviting the auditor to attend the meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee to discuss his views on the interim and annual financial statements with its members so that his comments, if any, along with the committee's recommendations are submitted to the Board of Directors to take a decision thereupon.
  5. Empowering the external auditor to attend the meetings of the general assemblies and read the report prepared by him to the shareholders, explaining any obstacles or interferences he faced from the Board of Directors during the performance of his work, and the external auditor must inform the CMA of any fundamental violations or obstacles and their details.

## **Fifth Rule – Apply Sound Systems of Risk Management and Internal Audit**

### **Brief statement on the implementation of requirements for establishing an independent Department/ Office/Unit for Risk Management**

The company has established an independent unit for risk management on the organizational structure, which enjoys complete independence, as it reports directly to the Audit and Risk Committee, in addition to appointing a specialized consulting office to carry out risk management work, as the Commercial Real Estate Company is keen on risk management as an essential aspect of the company's strategic management, and the company manages the risks. In accordance with the philosophy of "risk management is everyone's responsibility," the company has been keen to adopt a set of regulating policies and procedures to confront the risks associated with its activities with the aim of achieving a balance between the degrees of risk exposure and the expected return from each individual activity and then all of the company's activities in general. In continuation of implementing the company's conservative risk management policies over the past years, the company was keen to develop risk management policies and strategies and work to diversify its investments in terms of sectors and geographical distribution. This is to ensure diversification and reduce the amount of exposure to market risks and risks concentration. In addition to following different methods to deal with the types of surrounding risks to which the company's business may be exposed, by transferring risks, sharing risks, rejecting risks or accepting controllable risks, and developing mitigation plans and reducing them in accordance with the objectives, returns, and cost-effective standards of the risk management process.

The company has worked to instill a risk management culture within the workplace by adopting comprehensive policies that are periodically reviewed from a risk management perspective and clearly define the roles and responsibilities of each manager and employee. This approach aims to integrate risk management tasks into daily operations, enhancing accountability and improving performance at all functional and administrative levels within the company.

### **An overview of the application of the requirements for forming a risk management committee**

The Board of Directors formed the Audit and Risk Committee and approved its regulations to meet the requirements for formation, tasks, meetings and their periodicity. The Audit and Risk Committee assist the Board of Directors in setting the strategy and general framework for risk management and supervising the implementation of this strategy by executive management, in addition to following up on the reports submitted by the party appointed to carry out risk management operations related to identifying, measuring, analyzing and treating the risks associated with the company's activities. This is to ensure that the necessary and effective corrective measures are taken to manage these risks to reduce their impact and place them within the range acceptable to the company.

The committee also submits its periodic reports to the Board of Directors to ensure that the Board is informed of the types of risks to which the company may be exposed and the measures taken to achieve the required goals within acceptable levels of risks. Below we list the types of potential risks and threats to which the company may be exposed according to the nature of its business and some of the precautionary measures taken by the company to ensure confronting those risks and preventing their occurrence or reducing their effects. Note that these threats do not necessarily exist, but there is a possibility of them appearing if the necessary measures are not taken to confront them.

	Types of risks that may confront the company	Risk Management Strategies
<b>Strategic Risk</b>	<p>This type of risk focuses on strategic risks and business efficiency, which are risks related to the implementation of the company's general strategy that threaten the achievement of long-term goals and strategies. Below are some examples of strategic risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The possibility of not adopting and implementing a clear and defined strategy.</li> <li>• The possibility of not providing the financial, technical and human resources necessary to manage the company's business and supervisory functions.</li> </ul>	<p>A comparison of the asset allocation strategy related to the sectoral and geographical classification and distribution of the company's assets and investments during 2025 was presented POD.</p> <p>The strategy is reviewed and approved when needed to conduct the required diversification of the company's assets and investments in accordance with changes and market, economic and political factors.</p> <p>The estimated budget for the next five years has also been prepared to ensure the availability of financial resources as well as employment plans and to update the company's organizational structure.</p> <p>Advanced systems in information technology are also being developed and applied to ensure the efficiency and flow of business.</p>
<b>Operating Risks</b>	<p>This type of risk focuses on all types of operational risks, which include inadequacy of internal control systems, technological risks, risks of inefficiency and/or non- effectiveness of processes and procedures in achieving the company's general objectives, and human error and failure of programs and inadequacy and efficiency of procedures and controls contribute to this. We list below some examples of operational risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Possible deficiency in operational processes and internal controls of information systems and accounting records.</li> <li>• The possibility of insufficient planning in information systems to face emergency crises.</li> </ul>	<p>Manuals of operational policies and procedures have been developed, as well as internal audit and control systems for operational processes and administrative systems, as well as the application of technical systems necessary for the implementation and follow-up of operations, with the development of control mechanisms and the structure of powers over those systems and work to develop them on an ongoing basis.</p> <p>The company also has a specialized information technology department whose tasks include preparing backup copies, protection procedures, and ongoing support to ensure the availability of data and the continuity of systems in operation, as well as remote work techniques and procedures.</p>
<b>Financial Risks</b>	<p>This type of risk focuses on the various financial risks that the company may face, which are the risks of ineffective management and financial control in the company and the impact of external factors such as the ability to provide credit facilities, currency exchange rate fluctuations, change in interest rates, and other market factors. Below are some examples of finance risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The possibility of not adopting prudent and appropriate policies for financial management.</li> <li>• The possibility of not making the necessary matches and revisions between what is planned according to the estimated budgets and the actual reality to measure achievement rates and deviation.</li> <li>• The possibility of investing in high-risk sectors, fields and countries without taking into account taking the necessary steps to protect the company from the risks that it may be exposed to from those operations.</li> </ul>	<p>Financial risks are managed through a set of procedures and systems, which include setting estimated budgets at the level of departments, groups and the company as a whole, in addition to effective follow-up and control over the management of financial flows and making periodic comparisons between what is planned within the estimated budget compared to the actual reality to identify deviations and work to correct them to ensure efficient running of operations.</p> <p>Also, periodic reports are submitted to the Board of Directors to monitor the financial performance and compliance with the plans set at the level of operation and investment.</p>

<p><b>Governance and Compliance Risks</b></p>	<p>This type of risk focuses on the risk of non-compliance with laws, regulations, and decisions issued by regulatory authorities, as well as the company's internal policies and procedures, which are represented in the risk of the company's operations not conforming to applicable laws and regulations.</p> <p>Below are some examples of compliance risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The possibility of weak professional culture and experience in supporting and guiding workers to abide by laws and instructions.</li> <li>• The possibility of weakness of internal compliance systems and training programs.</li> <li>• The possibility of not activating the role of the legal department and legal consultation.</li> </ul>	<p>An independent Compliance Unit was established by the Board of Directors within the company's organizational structure, reporting directly to the Governance and Sustainability Committee. A specialized risk management consultant was also appointed to assess the company's compliance with all laws and regulations issued by various regulatory bodies and to provide the Board of Directors with periodic reports on the company's adherence to these regulations.</p> <p>The company also prepared a comprehensive guide that includes all instructions, procedures, and policies for applying governance standards, and it was circulated to the relevant company employees to ensure efficient application and compliance. Training plans approved by the Board of Directors have also been developed to ensure that all employees are familiar with the requirements for compliance with laws and instructions and how to apply them. The company's contracts are subject to legal review by the company's legal advisor, in addition to contracting with specialized law firms for assistance when needed.</p>
<p><b>Information risks associated with decision-making</b></p>	<p>This type of risk focuses on those associated with the inaccuracy and inadequacy of the information used to support strategic, financial and operational decisions.</p> <p>These risks are related to the usability and timeliness of the information, whether it was obtained or summarized by applications to the software used, and the extent to which the information needs are understood.</p>	<p>An integrated system has been developed for the process of reporting and exchanging information between the different administrative levels to ensure the accuracy and integrity of information and the timeliness of information submission on the one hand, in addition to maintaining the confidentiality of information on the other hand, so that information is circulated to authorized persons only. Emphasizing the importance of information security, a specialized advisory body was appointed to establish the information security function in the company.</p> <p>Many review points have also been established and policies and procedures approved to increase the emphasis on the accuracy of the information submitted to the senior management and the board of directors, which are used in directing operations and decision-making.</p>
<p><b>Reputation Risk</b></p>	<p>These are the risks associated with activities that may take place or be carried out in contravention of accepted and recognized standards, which may tarnish the company's reputation in the market in which it operates.</p>	<p>A clear policy has been developed for the Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards to ensure that the company's employees adhere to the ethics and principles of the tolerant Islamic Sharia in line with the company's directions.</p> <p>Also, all the company's transactions are subject to the approval of the Sharia Supervisory board to ensure the preservation of the company's reputation and its commitment to the principles of Islamic Sharia.</p>

### **Summary clarifying the control and internal control systems**

The company adopts a set of internal control systems to ensure and maintain the level of performance and control the operational and financial operations that cover all the company's activities and departments. This is done by adopting a set of policies, procedures and organizational structures and regulations include (proper definition of powers and responsibilities - complete separation of duties and no conflict of interests - double examination and control - double signature). The Board of Directors follows up the internal control systems through periodic reports issued by the committees and departments, as the Board of Directors periodically verifies their impartiality and efficiency. The supervisory departments enjoy the necessary independence that allows them to carry out their work accurately and efficiently. It also ensures the provision of the human cadres necessary to carry out the work, which are characterized by experience and efficiency. In the event of any observations by any of the company's committees or supervisory departments, the Board takes immediate corrective action through the following channels:

- Continuous follow-up by the Audit and Risk Committee.
- Preparing the Sharia Supervisory Board's report on an annual basis.
- Preparing an annual report on the evaluation and review of internal control systems (ICR Report).
- Preparing the Internal Audit Quality Assurance Report (Intern Audit - QAR Report) every three years.
- Preparing periodic reports by independent departments (Internal Audit Department - Risk Management Unit - Compliance and Governance Department).

### **A brief statement on the application of the formation requirements of the internal audit department/office/unit**

Al-Tijaria, in the field of internal audit relies on an independent department created for internal audit purposes. The Board of Directors verifies that the internal audit and control is a permanent process that covers all the important activities and works of the company according to the approved internal audit plan.

The Internal Audit Department prepares regular and periodic reports on the audit results according to the approved plan, and verifies that the internal control processes and controls have been formulated by the management and are implemented to reduce the impact and likelihood of risks. Then the Audit & Risk Committee reviews the results of the internal audit reports, and follows up on taking the necessary corrective actions regarding the observations highlighted in the reports.

السادة/ أعضاء مجلس الإدارة  
الشركة التجارية العقارية ش.م.ك  
دولة الكويت

تحية طيبة وبعد،

**الموضوع: تقرير حول السجلات المحاسبية والسجلات الأخرى وأنظمة الرقابة الداخلية عن  
السنة المنتهية في 31 ديسمبر 2025**

بناء على خطابكم الخاص بتكليفنا بفحص سجلات الشركة المحاسبية والسجلات الأخرى وأنظمة الرقابة الداخلية لشركة التجارة العقارية ش.م.ك عن السنة المالية المنتهية في 31 ديسمبر 2025 فقد قمنا بفحص وتقييم نظم الرقابة الداخلية للشركة وقد تضمن الفحص الإدارات التالية:

- |  |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| • وحدة ادارة المخاطر                   | • إدارة تقنية المعلومات        |
| • ادارة الإلتزام والحوكمة              | • ادارة المرافق                |
| • ادارة الإستثمار                      | • ادارة المشاريع وضبط المشاريع |
| • وحدة علاقات المستثمرين               | • قسم شؤون المساهمين           |
| • الإدارة المالية والتخطيط الإستراتيجي | • إدارة التدقيق الداخلي        |
| • إدارة المحاسبة                       | • إدارة التسويق والاتصال       |
| • إدارة الموارد البشرية للمجموعة       | • إدارة العقار                 |
| • إدارة الشؤون القانونية للمجموعة      |                                |

لقد قمنا بأعمالنا وفقا لمطلوبات الكتاب الخامس عشر "حوكمة الشركات" من اللائحة التنفيذية لتقون هيئة أسواق المال والمعايير الدولية المحددة في إطار الرقابة الداخلية.

وبصفتكم أعضاء مجلس إدارة الشركة فإنكم مسئولون عن إرساء نظم الرقابة الداخلية مع الأخذ في الاعتبار المناقع المتوقعة والتكاليف المتعلقة بتأسيس تلك الأنظمة والالتزام بمطلوبات هيئة أسواق المال المذكورة في الفقرة أعلاه. إن الهدف من التقرير هو اعطاء تأكيدات معقولة وليست قاطعة عن مدى السليمانية الإجراءات والأنظمة المتبعة بفرض حماية الموجودات ضد أية خسائر ناتجة عن أي استخدام أو تصرف غير مصرح به، وأن المخاطر الرئيسية يتم مراقبتها وتقييمها بشكل ملائم، وأن المعاملات يتم تنفيذها طبقا لإجراءات التفويض المقررة وأنه يتم تسجيلها بشكل صحيح، وذلك لتمكينكم من القيام بأعمالكم بشكل سليم.

ونظرا لنواحي القصور في أي نظام من أنظمة الرقابة الداخلية، فإنه قد تحدث أخطاء أو مخالفات ولا يتم اكتشافها. إضافة إلى ذلك فإن توقع التقييم للأنظمة على الفترات المستقبلية يخضع لخطر أن تصبح معلومات الإدارة وإجراءات الرقابة غير ملائمة بسبب التغييرات في الظروف، أو أن تقل درجة الإلتزام بتلك الإجراءات. برأينا، وفيما يتعلق بطبيعة وحجم الأعمال خلال السنة المنتهية 31 ديسمبر 2025 فإن السجلات المحاسبية والسجلات الأخرى وأنظمة الرقابة الداخلية التي تم فحصها من قبلنا، قد تم إعدادها والاحتفاظ بها وفقا لتعليمات هيئة أسواق المال باستثناء الأمور المبينة في الملحقين الثاني والثالث في هذا التقرير.

وتفضلوا بقبول فائق الاحترام والتقدير،

الكويت في 5 مارس 2026  
سليمان عبد الرحمن البسام  
مراقب حسابات مرخص رقم 253 فئة " أ " أ  
الينيال جلوبيال - سليمان البسام وشركاه

سليمان عبد الرحمن البسام



سليمان البسام وشركاه

Shari'a Supervisory Board Report of 2025  
Dar Al-Reqabah For Islamic Consultations



Dar Al-Reqabah  
For Islamic Consultations

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

تقرير الهيئة الشرعية

خلال الفترة من 2025/01/01م إلى 2025/12/31م

الحمد لله وحده، والصلاة والسلام على من لا نبي بعده، وعلى آله وصحبه.

المحترمون

السادة/ مساهمي الشركة التجارية العقارية

السلام عليكم ورحمة الله وبركاته.

وفقاً لعقد الارتباط الموقع مع مكتب دار الرقابة للاستشارات الشرعية، قمنا بتدقيق العقود والمعاملات التي نفذتها الشركة خلال السنة المالية المنتهية في 2025/12/31م، لإبداء الرأي في مدى التزام الشركة بأحكام الشريعة الإسلامية، كما تم بيانها في الآراء والإرشادات والقرارات الشرعية التي تم إصدارها من قبلنا.

تقع مسؤولية الالتزام بتنفيذ العقود والمعاملات طبقاً لأحكام الشريعة الإسلامية على إدارة الشركة، أما مسؤوليتنا فتتعلق في إبداء رأي مستقل في مدى التزام الشركة بذلك بناء على تدقيقنا. لقد قمنا بتدقيقنا الذي يتطلب منا تخطيط وتنفيذ إجراءات التدقيق والحصول على جميع المعلومات والتفسيرات والإقرارات التي نعتبرها ضرورية لتزويدنا بأدلة تكفي لإعطاء تأكيد معقول بأن الشركة ملتزمة بأحكام الشريعة الإسلامية، كما تم بيانها من قبلنا.

إن تدقيقنا قام على أساس فحص عينات من كل نوع من أنواع العقود والمعاملات المنفذة خلال الفترة، ونعتمد بأن أعمال التدقيق التي قمنا بها توفر أساساً مناسباً لإبداء رأينا.

وبناء على ما تقدم، نفيد بما يلي:

- إن الشركة خلال السنة المالية المحددة، مانزمة بتنفيذ واجباتها تجاه تنفيذ العقود والمعاملات طبقاً لأحكام الشريعة الإسلامية، كما تم بيانها في الآراء والإرشادات والقرارات الشرعية التي تم اعتمادها من قبلنا.

- تقع مسؤولية إخراج الزكاة على المساهمين.

وصلى الله وسلم على نبينا محمد، وعلى آله وصحبه أجمعين.

الشيخ يوسف محمود علي

عضوا

أ.د. بدر عبد الرزاق الماص

عضوا

أ.د. سعيد محمد الطبطبائي

رئيس الهيئة الشرعية

DRIC  
P.O. Box 4125 Safat  
Code No. 113042 Kuwait  
Tel.: 22461141

reqabah@gmail.com - info@dar-alreqaba.com

https://dar-alreqaba.com

دار الرقابة  
للاستشارات الشرعية  
ص.ب. ٤١٢٥ الصفاة  
الرمز ١١٣٠٤٢ الكويت  
هاتف : ٢٢٤٦١١٤١

## Sixth Rule - Promote Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards

### Charter of Standards and Determinants of Code of Conduct and Ethical Values

The Commercial Real Estate Company is committed to consolidating a culture of professional behavior and ethical values within the company enhances investor confidence in the company's integrity and financial soundness, as the commitment of all company employees, whether members of the board of directors, executive management, or other employees, to the company's internal policies and regulations and legal and regulatory requirements, will lead to achieving the interests of all. Parties related to the company, especially shareholders, without conflict of interest and with a high degree of transparency. The Charter of Code of Conduct and Ethical Values is the charter of work values in Al-Tijaria and includes professional ethics and behavioral controls that must be followed by members of the Board of Directors, executive management and employees of the company in accordance with the principles, teachings and ethics of the Islamic Sharia, and includes goals, principles and standards.

#### **a. Objectives:**

1. Consolidating the moral concepts and values of the company.
2. A tool to refer to the company's behaviors and ethics.
3. Verifying the commitment of all employees of the company to ethical and behavioral standards that are consistent with the company's policies and vision.
4. Providing an appropriate and effective work environment within the frameworks of applying governance.
5. Considering the ideal employee who is committed to his duties and aware of his rights is the cornerstone of building "Al-Tijaria".
6. Building the foundations of cooperation and interaction, developing a team spirit, and consolidating the loyalty of Al-Tijaria's employees.
7. Respecting work and applying the teachings of Islamic law in all transactions between employees and clients.

#### **b. Principles and Standards:**

1. The commitment of each of the members of the Board of Directors, the executive management and the company's employees to all laws and instructions, and a commitment to achieve the interest of the company, shareholders and other stakeholders and not the interest of a specific category or group.
2. The members of the Board or the Executive Management shall not use the position's power to achieve any private interest or personal ends for him or for others.
3. Non- exploitation of the company's assets and resources to achieve personal interests and to use them in the best way to achieve the company's goals.
4. Establishing an appropriate and clear system and mechanism that prevents the members of the Board, the executive management and the employees from exploiting the information by virtue of their job position for their personal benefit.
5. Setting the standards, procedures and policies needed to organize operations with related parties.
6. Setting the necessary standards, procedures and policies for the complete separation between the interests of the company and those related to the members of the Board of Directors.
7. The obligation of the members of the board of directors to disclose to the board of directors any common interests it has with the company, whether directly or indirectly.
8. The members of the Board of Directors are obligated not to participate, express an opinion, or vote on any issues presented to the Board in which they have a direct or indirect common interest.
9. Establishing the necessary mechanism for the company's employees to report their complaints about any improper practices or suspicious matters while ensuring an independent and fair investigation of these complaints, and ensuring confidentiality that ensures the protection of the whistleblower from any negative reaction or harm that may be caused to him as a result of reporting such practices.
10. The job includes reciprocal rights and duties between the employee and the company, and the employee's positive participation is through the constant pursuit of performing duties with full understanding and awareness and awareness of responsibilities honestly and faithfully in return for his rights that must be guaranteed by "Al-Tijaria" in accordance with the internal regulations and labor law.
11. Ensuring the freedom to differ in viewpoints between colleagues in seeing things and ideas is a natural matter as long as it does not conflict with the course of work and job tasks and does not lead, directly or indirectly, to obstructing or impeding the achievement of goals.
12. Ensuring the equality between employees.
13. Ensuring respect, constructive dialogue, exchanging ideas, and avoiding controversy is the best and finest means of dealing among all employees, regardless of their job levels, and it is one of the main pillars of the work environment at "Al Tijaria".

## Summary of policies and mechanisms for reducing conflicts of interest

- The Commercial Real Estate Company follows conservative policies to limit conflicts of interest, whether at the level of executive management and company employees or at the level of board members;
- The company established conflict of interest policy, which was approved by the Board of Directors.
- The company is committed to having members of the Board of Directors, executive management and employees sign conflict of interest declarations in accordance with the relevant forms.

### Policies regarding conflicts of interest include the following:

- **Company obligations:**
  1. The company is committed to effectively managing and addressing potential conflicts of interest cases to ensure the actual implementation of operational and administrative processes and ensuring that all conflicts of interest cases are discovered and dealt with in a timely manner.
  2. The company is committed that none of its stakeholders will obtain any advantage through its dealings in contracts and deals that fall within the company's normal activities.
  3. The company determines a clear mechanism for awarding contracts and deals of various types, through tenders or various purchase orders.
  4. This policy applies to the company and its subsidiaries and to the Board of Directors and Executive Management, in a manner that does not violate the company's rules and standards of professional conduct in cases where a conflict of interest affects the interests of the company, stakeholders, and related parties.
  5. The Compliance and Governance Department is responsible for informing the Board of Directors, the Executive Management and various departments of the company of any decisions, laws or instructions regarding cases of conflict of interest and procedures for dealing with them.
- **Board of Directors' obligations:**
  1. The Board of Directors is committed to the company's responsibility for following the best standards of professional conduct and appropriate mechanisms to avoid or limit the occurrence of conflicts of interest, and to review cases of potential interests related to any member of the Board of Directors and determine procedures for dealing with them.
  2. Members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management are responsible for adhering to this policy while participating in transactions, contracts, or private investments for their personal account, whether with the company or others.
  3. A member of the Board of Directors is obligated not to be a member of more than five public joint stock companies based in Kuwait, or a Chairman of the Board of Directors in more than one joint stock company based in Kuwait, and his violation of this condition will result in the invalidation of his membership in companies that exceed the prescribed number according to the recentness of his appointment therein; the consequences that result from that, without prejudice to the rights of third parties in good faith. In the event of a violation of this condition, he is obligated to return to the company in which his membership has been revoked any rewards or benefits that he may have obtained.
  4. A member of the Board of Directors is committed not to exploit the information that he has accessed or viewed by virtue of his position for his personal benefit or to obtain a benefit for himself or for others, and not to make any kind of disposition in the shares of the Commercial Real Estate Company throughout the duration of his membership except after obtaining the approval of the Capital Markets Authority with his knowledge of the rules that regulate the trading of board members in the company's shares and the method of disclosing thereof.
  5. A member of the Board of Directors is obligated not to disclose to shareholders other than the General Assembly meetings or to third parties what he has learned of the company's secrets by virtue of his position. Otherwise, he must be removed and held accountable for compensation for damages resulting from the violation. He must also not disclose information and data related to the company except in cases where it is permitted. For disclosure or according to legal requirements.
  6. A member of the Board of Directors is committed not to combine his membership in the Board of Directors of the Commercial Real Estate Company with any company competing with it in the same field or areas of activity, or to participate in any work that would compete with the company, or to trade for his own account or for the account of others in one of the branches of activity practiced by the company, otherwise it may demand compensation from him or consider the operations he carried out on his behalf as if they were conducted for the company's account, unless this is with the approval of the Ordinary General Assembly on all or some of the above.

7. A member of the Board of Directors is obligated to provide the Board of Directors Secret Service with an updated copy of the CV immediately if any amendment occurs.
  8. A member of the Board of Directors is obligated not to have a direct or indirect interest in the contracts and transactions concluded with or on behalf of the company unless it is authorized by the Ordinary General Assembly. In this case, he is obligated to disclose the interest to the Board of Directors and abstain from voting.
  9. A member of the Board of Directors is obligated not to participate in voting on the decisions of the General Assembly regarding the discharge of members of the Board of Directors from their management, or those related to a special benefit for the spouse, or first-degree relatives, or an existing dispute between them and the company.
  10. A member of the Board of Directors is committed not to use the functional influence of the position to achieve a private interest or any personal gain for himself or others.
  11. A member of the Board of Directors is obligated not to participate in discussing, expressing an opinion, or voting on any issues presented to the Board of Directors in which he has a direct or indirect common interest with the company.
  12. A board member is obligated to disclose to the Board of Directors any common interests with the company, whether directly or indirectly.
  13. A member of the Board of Directors is obligated to inform the Board of Directors of his personal interest in the business and contracts carried out on behalf of the company, and this notification shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting. In this case, he is not permitted to participate in voting on the decision issued in this regard.
  14. The company may not lend to any of the members of its board of directors, the CEO, their spouses, their relatives up to the second degree, or their affiliated companies, unless there is authorization from the ordinary general assembly of the company. Any action taken in violation of that shall not be carried out against the company, without prejudice to the rights of bona fide third parties.
  15. The Board of Directors is committed to verifying that none of the potential parties exploits the company's assets and resources or the powers granted to them in transactions to achieve personal interests.
  16. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall inform the General Assembly when it convenes of business and contracts in which a member of the Board of Directors has a personal interest, and a special report from the auditor shall be attached to this notification.
- **Obligations of the executive management and company employees:**
    1. Not engaging in any activities that might lead to a conflict between the company's interests and his personal interests.
    2. Disclosure to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and to the Compliance, Governance and Risk Management Officer of any significant or influential stake in any company that supplies equipment or services to the company whether for himself, his wife, or his first- and second-degree relatives, the relevant committee and the Board of Directors will be informed to take the necessary action. He also pledges to adhere to the policies of transactions with related parties, conflicts of interest, and the instructions of the regulatory authorities in this regard.
    3. There is no direct or indirect interest that conflicts with the company's interests in the contracts and deals concluded with the company or for its account, whether for himself, his wife, or his first- or second-degree relatives.
    4. In the event of appointing, promoting or rewarding any employee, complete impartiality must be considered in the event of a connection or relationships linking the decision maker to the employee and under the supervision and control of a neutral party or by the competent committee in accordance with the policies followed and approved by the Board of Directors. The company defines the term "Close Personal Relationships" as including first- and second-degree kinship and any other relationships that may affect the employee's ability to make impartial decisions while exercising the duties assigned to him in the company.
    5. Knowing that Al-Tijaria's policy prohibits employees from accepting paid/unpaid jobs with any other company, as the employment contracts with the company document this prohibition, the violation of which would expose the violating employee to strict disciplinary procedures, including termination of service. Also to obtain the approval of government agencies or competent authorities before recruitment of part-time employees.

## Seventh Rule - Ensure Timely and High Quality Disclosure and Transparency

### Accurate and transparent presentation and disclosure mechanisms and policies that define aspects, areas and characteristics of disclosure

1. Al-Tijaria adopts a policy of disclosure and transparency by its Board of Directors and Executive Management towards shareholders and stakeholders on the one hand and towards the concerned and regulatory authorities in compliance with the laws and regulations followed in the State of Kuwait on the other hand through:
  - Incorporating methods for disclosing financial and non-financial information and data related to the company's financial position, performance, and ownership, through appropriate disclosure channels, in a way that helps stakeholders gain a comprehensive understanding of the company's situation.
  - Disclosing all information and data with utmost transparency and in a timely manner to all stakeholders without discrimination, ensuring that the data and information are accurate, correct, and not misleading.
  - Implementing mechanisms that classify disclosed information according to its nature (financial information, non-financial information), or according to the frequency of its disclosure, in addition to essential information.
  - Disclosure of Essential Information
  - Disclosure of interests for both beneficiaries and listed companies.
  - Disclosure of interest to the Board of Directors and abstention from voting.
  - Maintaining a register containing all disclosed transactions with related parties. Shareholders have the right to obtain a copy of this register.
  - Compliance with the Executive Regulations of the Authority and the provisions of Book Ten, "Disclosure and Transparency," and its related appendices. To this end, a Disclosure & Transparency Policy has been prepared and approved by the Board of Directors.
2. Enhancing the transparency that creates an atmosphere of trust and reassurance internally and externally and ensures the elimination of conflicts of interest with relevant parties that ensures clear communication between shareholders, the Board of Directors and Executive Management, and creating an effective climate of credibility in the work environment, which is a responsibility borne by all parties.

### Record of disclosures of members of the Board of Directors, Executive Management & Managers

- The company maintains a special register that includes the following:
  1. Disclosures by members of the Board of Directors, the Executive Management, and managers. This register is monitored by the Compliance and Governance Department.
  2. All data related to bonuses, salaries, incentives, and other financial benefits granted directly or indirectly by the company or its subsidiaries. This register is monitored by the Accounting Department.

All shareholders of the company have the right to access this register during the company's normal working hours without any fee or charge. The company is also committed to updating the data in this register periodically to reflect the true situation of the related parties.

### Duties and Responsibilities of the Shareholder Affairs Section

The Shareholder Affairs section of Al-Tijaria is responsible for making available and providing the necessary information to shareholders regarding shareholder records, as well as maintaining a copy of the company's shareholder register and following up on updates to the register with the Kuwait Clearing Company to update shareholder information of the company. The Shareholder Affairs Section is the entity entrusted with providing information to shareholders in many ways by responding to their inquiries in a transparent manner. The Section also follows up on the delivery of all financial dues to shareholders by the easiest means and makes sure to invite the company's shareholders to attend the yearly general assemblies.

The company's Investor Relations Unit is responsible for providing potential investors with the necessary data, information, and reports. This unit enjoys appropriate independence, enabling it to provide timely and accurate data, information, and reports through established disclosure channels, including the company's website. This is done to ensure services comply with regulatory guidelines. The unit is committed to holding a quarterly analysts' conference within five days of issuing the interim or annual financial statements. The invitation to the analysts' conference will be included in the disclosure of the interim and annual financial statements submitted to the Capital Markets Authority and the Kuwait Stock Exchange. The minutes of the conference will be published in both Arabic and English within three days of the conference date, along with the conference presentation. The minutes will also disclose whether or not any material information was disclosed during the conference. In this case, that information must be disclosed on the stock exchange's website no later than 40 minutes before the next trading session following the conference.

## Develop the infrastructure of information technology to rely on in the disclosure process

Material information is disclosed by the company through the Authority's XBRL-based electronic disclosure system (IFSAH Disclosure System). Disclosure is also made through Bursa Kuwait website (CIP System) in accordance with the relevant forms. Disclosure is also made on the company's website after the disclosure is published on Bursa Kuwait.

The company relies on and expands its use of information technology to communicate with shareholders, investors, and stakeholders. This is achieved through a dedicated section on the company's website, which falls under the umbrella of governance and investor relations. This section displays all up-to-date information and data that helps shareholders, current investors, and potential investors exercise their rights and evaluate the company's performance.

The company's official website contains everything of interest to shareholders and potential investors, as it includes the following sections:

### **A. Corporate governance, which includes the following topics:**

- Committees emanating from the Board;
- Shareholders' rights;
- Stakeholders;
- Internal control environment;
- Disclosure and transparency;
- Code of Business Ethics;
- Social responsibility;
- Sustainability report;
- Reporting violations;
- Sustainability - Environment, Society and Governance.

### **B. Investor Relations, which includes the following topics:**

- Disclosures
- Share data
- Shareholder affairs
- Investor Relations Unit
- Our investments
- Annual reports
- Sustainability report
- Financial ratios and indicators
- Financial Statements
- Analysts Conference

## Eight Rule - Respect the Rights of Shareholders

### Requirements to define and protect the general rights of shareholders

- The company's articles of association and internal regulations include the necessary procedures and controls to ensure that all shareholders exercise their rights fairly and equally, in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, decisions, and instructions issued in this regard.
- The company is committed to treating all shareholders holding the same type of shares equally and without any discrimination. Under no circumstances will the company withhold any of the rights mentioned below from any class of shareholders, nor will it establish criteria that discriminate between classes of shareholders in granting these rights, provided that this does not harm the company's interests or conflict with the law, these bylaws, and any instructions or regulatory controls issued thereunder.
- The general rights of shareholders include:
  1. Recording the value of their shareholding in the company's records.
  2. Disposing of shares, including registering, transferring, and/or converting ownership.
  3. Receiving their allocated share of dividends.
  4. Receiving a share of the company's assets in the event of liquidation.
  5. Receiving data and information related to the company's activities, operational strategies, and investment plans in a regular and accessible manner.
  6. Monitoring the company's overall performance and the actions of the board of directors in particular.
  7. Holding board members or executive management accountable and filing liability claims in the event of their failure to perform their assigned duties.
  8. The right to participate in general assembly meetings and vote on resolutions.
  9. The company must obtain its financial statements for the preceding accounting period, the Board of Directors' report, and the auditor's report at least seven days prior to the Ordinary General Assembly meeting.
  10. No fees shall be imposed on any shareholder category for attending the General Assembly meetings, nor shall any preferential treatment be granted to any shareholder category over others.
  11. Informing shareholders of all rules governing voting procedures and providing all information related to voting rights to all current and prospective shareholders and investors on an ongoing basis.
  12. Electing and removing members of the Board of Directors in accordance with applicable laws.
  13. Amending the company's Articles of Association.
  14. Approving any sale, purchase, or disposal of company assets if their value reaches 50% or more of the total value of the company's assets.
  15. Shareholders holding 5% of the company's capital have the right to add items to the agenda of the General Assembly meetings.
  16. Establishing a mechanism to provide profiles of board members before voting, thus giving shareholders a clear understanding of their professional and technical skills, experience, and other qualifications.
  17. Participating in the company's management by running for board membership, attending general assemblies, participating in discussions, and voting on resolutions, in accordance with the provisions of the law, the articles of incorporation, and the bylaws.
  18. Shareholders representing 25% of the issued capital have the right to request the replacement of the auditor during the fiscal year.
  19. Shareholders owning 5% of the company's capital may request the Ministry to appoint an auditor to conduct an inspection of the company regarding any violations they attribute to the manager, board members, auditor, or CEO in the performance of their duties, provided they have grounds to justify this request.

### **Record of shares with the Kuwait Clearing Company in order to continuously monitor the shareholders' data**

- The shareholder register is kept at the "Maqasa", which is updated regularly with each change. It can be accessed through direct contact and request from the "Maqasa" administration in accordance with the contract concluded between "Al-Tijaria" and "Maqasa". In addition, "Al-Tijaria" maintains updated records of the names of its shareholders. The number of their shares, their ownership percentages, their identification numbers, and their contact information through the Shareholder Affairs Department. Any interested party may request the company or the clearing agency to provide him with data from this register.
- The company allows shareholders to access the shareholders' register, and the data contained therein is
- handled with the utmost protection and confidentiality, in accordance with the law and any instructions and regulations issued by the Authority.

### **Encouraging shareholders to participate and vote in general assembly meeting and follow up on the company's activities**

Al-Tijaria encourages all categories of shareholders to attend, participate and vote in the general assembly meeting. The General Assembly is held at the invitation and presence of the shareholders. It is considered the highest authority in the company. The General Assembly elects and appoints the Board of Directors, which is entrusted with the tasks of acting on behalf of the shareholders to protect their interests and achieve the company's goals and aspirations. The Board of Directors is committed to the following:

- Urging the shareholders to attend the general assembly meeting, at the time and place specified in the articles of incorporation and articles of association or the company's board of directors, so that the date and place of the meeting is arranged to facilitate and encourage them to attend.
- Each topic presented in the agenda of the ordinary or extraordinary general assembly shall be accompanied by a sufficient explanation and sufficient review of all its aspects to enable the shareholders to take their decisions based on the information provided to them, in a sound and thoughtful manner, and not merely to complete the formal aspects of the meeting.
- The general assembly is managed in a way that allows the shareholders to express their opinions.
- Each shareholder has a number of votes equal to the number of his shares. Resolutions are issued by an absolute majority of the shares represented. The Company guarantees the opportunity for all shareholders to exercise the right to vote without placing any obstacles that lead to a ban on voting, as follows:
  1. All shareholders enjoy the same voting rights granted to them and the same treatment by the company, regardless of their ownership shares.
  2. The shareholder has the right to vote personally or by acting proxy, with the same rights and duties in both cases.
  3. Informing the shareholders of all the rules governing voting procedures before the start of the assembly.
  4. Providing all voting information to all current shareholders and prospective investors, while ensuring that this information is provided on a continuous and permanent basis for all classes of shareholders.
  5. All categories of shareholders who own the same type of shares have the right to vote on any changes related to shareholders' rights by calling for a meeting of the General Assembly of Shareholders.
  6. Voting to select the members of the Board of Directors is held in the General Assembly through the mechanisms stipulated in the company's articles of incorporation and articles of association and within the framework of what is stipulated in the Companies Law and its Executive Regulations and Book Fifteen of the Executive Regulations of the Capital Markets Authority, taking into account what is included in the Companies Law regarding permission to follow cumulative voting system in this regard, considering that this is one of the best governance practices. This is in addition to developing a mechanism that allows providing an introductory overview of the candidates for membership in the Board of Directors and the capacity on which he wishes to nominate himself (executive/non-executive/independent) before voting, which gives shareholders a clear idea of the candidates' professional and technical skills, experience, and other qualifications.

7. All classes of shareholders can hold the Board of Directors accountable for the tasks assigned to them.
8. No fees are imposed for the attendance of any class of shareholders at the General Assembly meetings, nor is any preferential advantage given to any class over other of shareholders.
9. The candidate, as an independent member, must submit a declaration to Ministry of Commerce and Industry acknowledging that he meets the independence controls stipulated in this Letter.
10. If it is not possible to obtain the minimum required number of independent members of the Board of Directors through the elections of Board members at the General Assembly meeting, the required number will be met by replacing the non-independent members of the Board of Directors who received the least votes with independent members through a separate election process from among the non-winning candidates in this category, provided that the replacement process takes place at the same meeting.

In the event that the members of the Board of Directors are appointed in accordance with the provisions of Article (188) of Law No. 1 of 2016 issuing the Companies Law, shareholders who have representatives on the Board of Directors may participate with other shareholders in electing the remaining independent members of the Board of Directors within the limits of what exceeds the percentage used to appoint representatives to the Board of Directors.

**Electronic system for EAGM participation:**

It is the electronic system provided by the Kuwait Clearing Company for listed companies to enable shareholders of these companies to participate in the General Assembly without the need for these shareholders to attend in person, and their participation is counted within the quorum for attending and voting in the General Assembly.

## **Ninth Rule- Recognize the Roles of Stakeholders**

### **Acknowledging the rights of stakeholders**

Al-Tijaria adheres to governance standards and the laws and regulations issued by regulatory bodies regarding respect for and protection of stakeholders' rights, such as the Labor Law, the Companies Law and its implementing regulations, in addition to the contracts concluded between the parties. Protecting stakeholders' rights under internal laws, regulations, and policies provides them with the opportunity to obtain effective compensation in the event of any violation of their rights.

The Company recognizes the rights of its stakeholders within its corporate governance practices and works to encourage cooperation between the company and its stakeholders in numerous areas. Stakeholder contributions are a vital resource for building the company's competitiveness and enhancing its profitability.

#### **Protecting Stakeholder Rights**

- The company has adopted a Stakeholder Rights Policy through its Board of Directors.
- The company's policy includes specific mechanisms, namely:
  1. Treating all stakeholders fairly and ensuring that board members, related parties, and other stakeholders are treated equitably without any discrimination or preferential treatment.
  2. No stakeholder receives any preferential treatment in contracts and transactions carried out within the company's ordinary business activities.
  3. The company's commitment to the contracts concluded with stakeholders, which guarantee that each party receives appropriate and suitable compensation in accordance with the provisions of those contracts and applicable laws.
  4. Developing mechanisms for employee participation in performance improvement through an open-door policy and continuous performance evaluation and development.
  5. Allowing stakeholders, both individuals and their representatives, to freely contact the Board of Directors or the Executive Management to express any unethical practices they encounter by the company and their concerns regarding any illegal or unprofessional conduct, without prejudice to or infringement of their rights should they do so, while providing appropriate protection for those making such reports.
  6. Procedures have been established to regulate the relationship with clients and suppliers and a mechanism for maintaining the confidentiality of related information. This is done through the relevant departments, where the company has entered into non-disclosure agreements with suppliers and customers.
  7. The company is always keen to address the concerns and complaints of its stakeholders by improving communication with all stakeholders and addressing and responding to customer complaints in a timely manner.

### **Encouraging stakeholders to participate in following up on the company's activities**

The company has established mechanisms and frameworks to ensure maximum benefit from stakeholder contributions and encourage their participation in monitoring its activities, in a manner that best serves its interests. This is achieved through the following:

1. Providing information and opportunities to access it regularly and in a timely manner through interim financial statements, ongoing disclosures, and adherence to a policy of transparency.
2. The company also provides stakeholders with access to information and data related to their activities, enabling them to obtain, refer to, and rely on this information promptly and regularly.
3. Stakeholders are shared with information and data related to the company's activities through electronic announcements inviting them to attend and participate in these activities and events at the appropriate time. Stakeholders are also given the opportunity to share their opinions and suggestions in various areas of development and improvement.
4. Establishing appropriate mechanisms to facilitate stakeholders reporting any improper practices they encounter by the company to the company's board of directors, while providing suitable protection for those making the reports. The company's website offers direct communication channels for reporting such violations (Whistle blowing).

## Tenth Rule - Encourage and Enhance Performance

### Mechanisms for Board Members and Executive Management to receive Regular Training Programs and Courses:

1. The company prioritizes the ongoing training and development of its board members and executive management, believing this to be a cornerstone of good governance and a significant contributor to enhancing company performance. This is achieved by ensuring that both the board and executive management fulfill their assigned tasks and responsibilities to the fullest extent.
2. The company provides ongoing training and development for its board members and executive management to help them gain a comprehensive understanding of all topics related to the company's activities. This ensures they are up-to-date with the latest developments in relevant administrative, financial, and economic fields, in addition to developing their strategic planning skills to meet the company's needs and achieve its objectives.

#### First: Performance Development Mechanisms for Board Members and Executive Management:

- The company has adopted a training policy for board members and executive management.
- The training policy includes the following:
  1. Orientation programs for newly appointed members to ensure they have a proper understanding of the company's operations and processes, which include, at a minimum:
    - A. The company's strategy and objectives.
    - B. The financial and operational aspects of all the company's activities.
    - C. The legal and regulatory obligations of the board members and the company.
    - D. Their responsibilities and duties, as well as the powers and rights available to them.
    - E. The role of the Board Committees.
  2. Training programs for current board members and executive management, relevant to the company's operations and the roles of board members, to develop their skills and expertise and keep them abreast of developments in a way that helps them perform their assigned tasks.

#### Second: Mechanisms for Evaluating the Performance of the Board of Directors and Each Board Member and Executive Management:

The company has adopted a policy for evaluating the performance of the Board of Directors, committees, members, and executive management, which includes:

1. Systems and mechanisms for evaluating the performance of each member of the Board of Directors and executive management on an annual basis. This is achieved through establishing a set of performance indicators linked to the extent to which the company's strategic objectives are achieved, the quality of risk management, and the adequacy of internal control systems. The performance evaluation and measurement procedures are clearly and transparently documented and disclosed to all employees.
2. Establishing objective Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) to evaluate the Board of Directors as a whole, the contribution of each Board member and each of its committees, and the performance of executive managers on an annual basis, in addition to identifying strengths and weaknesses and proposing solutions in accordance with the company's best interests.
3. Performance indicators are qualitative and quantitative.

## The Corporate Values - Company Methodology

### The Corporate Values

The Board of Directors works to create values within the company in the short, medium and long term, by establishing mechanisms and procedures that work to achieve the company's strategic objectives and improve performance rates, which effectively contributes to creating institutional values among employees and motivates them to continuously work to maintain Company finances safety.

### Vision

Providing the highest level of excellence and enriching the real estate market in the State of Kuwait and expanding to the world through distinctive real estate designs and high-quality standards and the adoption of governance and our experts in the company as essential elements to maximize the wealth of our shareholders.

### Message

Developing a business strategy to reach the optimal income to achieve growth rates, returns and stable cash flows, of which in turn increase the value of each project to provide the best results for shareholders and stakeholders, in addition to acquiring high-quality assets and maintaining the balance and diversity of real estate portfolios in the local, regional and global markets.

### The Strategy

- Reconciliation of allocated budget and deadlines.
- Maintain maximum occupancy rates and rent collection.
- Make every effort to develop performance and achieve the desired goals to ensure the interest of shareholders and achieve growth in their rights.
- Maximizing the company's share in providing real estate services and facilities management.
- Commitment to periodic maintenance.
- Maintain a low financing cost commensurate with the financial strategy of the business.
- Maintain high quality and low risk of the project by applying best practices.
- Ensure that recent market studies are carried out as an indicator for monitoring local and global trends and financial markets.
- Provide effective internal training platforms in order to retain highly experienced employees.
- Provide a suitable workplace and environment for employees and clients.
- Maintaining an innovative work environment.
- Ensure that the 5T's form is applied.
- Developing the company's real estate according to the applicable building regulations and systems to achieve the highest rates of safety and optimum return.
- Obtaining and maintaining international certificates to comply with international standards.

### Future Plan

The Commercial Real Estate Company (Al-Tijaria) is keen to continue diversifying its real estate investments, both in terms of sectors and markets, especially in light of the economic conditions, circumstances and changes that the world in general and the Middle East in particular is going through by maintaining investments with profitable operational returns in the local market and the politically and economically stable markets and work on its development, with continuous and diligent follow-up of economic conditions and changes and the extent of their repercussions on the markets so that the company's plans and strategies are updated and amended at the appropriate time, in parallel with the support and development of third party property management and the provision of utility services to ensure the provision of distinguished services to the company's clients.

### Optimum income

Implementing an active internal mechanism to ensure optimal profitability of commercial assets through effective management of assets and resources to enhance the optimal income of the company's assets and obtain good returns to ensure cash distributions, knowing that the percentages of returns and distributions are subject to increased revenues and profitability.

### Values

- 5T's Model: Time Management, Trust, Transparency, Teamwork, Task Awareness.
- Sustainability: Al-Tijaria runs its business to serve the welfare of our economy, our shareholders and stakeholders by preserving revenues and driving prosperity.
- Innovation: We are committed to continually enhancing our services by embracing creativity and encouraging the pursuit of new opportunities.
- Integrity: Honesty is an essential part of our business conduct and how we deal with stakeholders, customers and tenants.
- Governance: It is the conscience of every person as it grows and matures to the stage of compliance with the laws and instructions issued by the company and the regulatory authorities, and its positive impact is reflected on the personal and professional levels.
- Ethics: respect for work and colleagues and discipline.

## Integrated Reporting Systems

- Integrated reporting systems are an effective tool in achieving the company's strategic objectives and, consequently, creating corporate value. Therefore, the company is continuously developing its internal integrated reporting systems to become more comprehensive. This helps both the board of directors and executive management make systematic and sound decisions, thereby achieving shareholder interests.
- The Finance and Strategic Planning Manager prepares the Integrated Reporting Systems report in coordination with the Risk Management Department and submits the report annually to the CEO. It is then presented to the Audit and Risk Committee and the Board of Directors to review the progress of operations and make decisions based on a clear vision and accurate, up-to-date information.
- The Board of Directors adopted the Corporate Values Policy and Integrated Reporting Systems.

## Our Values and Principles

we  
BELIEVE IN THE  
5T's  
OUR RECIPE FOR SUCCESS



مع خالص تحياتي  
With my best regards  
عبدالفتاح معرفي  
Abdulfatah Marafie

## **Eleventh Rule - Focus on the Importance of Corporate Social Responsibility**

### **Achieving a balance between the company's goals and society's goals**

Under the slogan "We Care", Al-Tijaria works to contribute to social responsibility initiatives in implementation of its strategic objectives, as it launches programs and social activities on a permanent and continuous basis.

Al-Tijaria's interest in social responsibility has grown in the past years until it has become one of the basic performance criteria, especially since the company believes that social responsibility is no longer a matter of volunteering to help the community, but rather has become an essential for long-term success through various activities (charitable, cultural, scientific, health, environmental and social) based on the principle of commitment and dealing in accordance with the teachings and provisions of the tolerant Islamic Sharia, which urges dealing in accordance with the best standards and within the frameworks of social solidarity.

Board of Directors has developed a social responsibility policy, through which it ensures achieving a balance between both the company's objectives and the objectives of society.

### **Standards for implementing the social responsibility policy in Al-Tijaria**

The success of the commercial real estate company in carrying out its role of social responsibility depends on giving sufficient attention to the concerns of society and the environment, and considering the three dimensions of sustainable development: economic growth, social progress, and environmental protection, by adhering to the following standards:

1. Respect and responsibility, meaning the company's respect for the internal environment (employees), and the external environment (community individuals).
2. Supporting and assisting the community, improving the living, social, and economic conditions of the workforce and the community, and making optimal use of resources.
3. Protecting the environment by taking the initiative to provide what serves the environment, improves the environmental conditions in the community, and addresses environmental problems of all kinds, such as (health and education) in line with the projects and activities practiced by the company.
4. The company has developed an Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) sustainability policy and issues a sustainability report annually.

### **Programs and mechanisms used that help highlight the company's efforts in the field of social work.**

Al-Tijaria has developed a set of programs and mechanisms that ensure the continuity of implementing social responsibility policies on a permanent basis and in accordance with organized and consistent mechanisms where:

1. An annual plan approved by the Board of Directors for all contributions, events and activities during the year shall be developed.
2. An annual allocation to implement the social responsibility plan shall be approved.
3. Continuous supervision by the Governance & Sustainability Committee of the implementation of the social responsibility plan shall be fulfilled.
4. Periodic reports to the Governance Committee on the activities implemented, in addition to a periodic news publication explaining the events carried out by the company and the nature of contributions shall be submitted.

## Social Responsibility Programs and Events

### Sponsoring Graduation Projects – Kuwait University (Faculty of Engineering)

As part of its commitment to empowering youth and supporting sustainable development, the company sponsors graduation projects for students at the College of Engineering at Kuwait University. This sponsorship provides ongoing financial support throughout the year, enabling students to develop innovative and practical solutions and enhance their technical capabilities. This initiative reflects the company's dedication to investing in national talent and contributing to long-term socio-economic growth within the framework of Economic, Social, and Governance (ESG).



### Participation in the Internship Fair- INJAZ Kuwait 2025

Al Tijaria Real Estate Company participated as a sponsor and supporter of the Internship Opportunities Fair 2025, organized by Injaz Kuwait. The fair served as a platform connecting students with organizations from both the public and private sectors. The company's participation aimed to introduce students to practical training opportunities and facilitate their transition from academic studies to the labor market through structured internship programs that enhance professional competencies and job readiness. This initiative contributes to empowering youth, developing their capabilities, and supporting the sustainability of the local labor market.



### Sponsorship of the "Most Sustainable Product or Service" Award – INJAZ Kuwait

In support of innovation and sustainable entrepreneurship, Al Tijaria sponsored the "Most Sustainable Product or Service" Award as part of the Company Program organized by Injaz Kuwait for high school and university students. Through this sponsorship, students were encouraged to develop innovative solutions that consider environmental and social dimensions while enhancing their understanding of sustainability principles in entrepreneurial practices. The initiative aligns with Kuwait Vision 2035 and supports the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, contributing to the development of a more sustainable future.



### "In Arabic is Better" Initiative

The company launched the third edition of the "In Arabic is Better" initiative under the slogan "Let's Read Together" at the Symphony Mall, aiming to instill national values and strengthen Arab and Islamic identity among children and youth. The initiative includes educational activities and events designed to develop Arabic language skills such as reading, writing, and public speaking, in addition to literary competitions, interactive workshops on poetry and short stories, and educational seminars to enhance understanding of Arab and Islamic culture. The initiative is also being implemented in partnership with cultural institutions, which contributes to achieving a broad positive impact that strengthens the connection of emerging generations to their language, heritage and cultural identity.



## Social Responsibility Programs and Events

### “Ishraqat Amal” Festival

The “Ishraqat Amal” Festival, held annually for the tenth consecutive year, aims to highlight the creativity of people with disabilities in various fields, such as drawing, music, crafts, and sports. The festival is held in collaboration with schools and institutions for people with disabilities, providing students with the opportunity to showcase their talents to a wide audience and promote their integration into society. The festival honors participants with incentive prizes, in addition to organizing workshops aimed at developing their skills and boosting their self-confidence, contributing to supporting their creative journeys and celebrating their unique abilities.



### “Ishraqat Amal” Art Exhibition

As a continuation of the festival, the company organized the “Ishraqat Amal” Art Exhibition in the lobby of the Symphony Style Hotel, Salmiya, over 3 days as a specialized platform to display and sell artwork by people with special needs, in support of economic empowerment, enhancing self-confidence and comprehensive cultural participation.



### “Donate a toy... Share the Joy” Campaign

Al Tijaria Real Estate Company launched the sixth edition of its “Donate a Toy... Spread Joy” campaign, aimed at collecting toys and school supplies for donation to children from underprivileged families across Kuwait. The campaign was held over a four-week period at Boulevard Mall and The Dome Mall.. The initiative sought to bring happiness and joy to underprivileged children and brighten their lives through community support. It also encouraged parents to instill the values of generosity, compassion, and altruism in their children by teaching them the importance of sharing the blessings they have received with those in need.



### “Plant a Tree in My Country – we want it Green” Campaign

The Ninth Edition of the “Plant a Tree in My Country” 2025 campaign was launched to plant trees in Boulevard Park in collaboration with volunteers, schools, and private companies in Kuwait. This initiative aims to encourage citizens and residents of Kuwait to create a greener environment, increase oxygen levels, and inspire them to launch similar initiatives, thus setting a good example for neighboring countries and the rest of the world to follow in the long term.



### **Blood Donation Campaign**

Under the slogan “We Care,” Al-Tijaria Real Estate Company organized the “Blood Donation” campaign in the Symphony Style Mall, the Boulevard Mall, and the Al-Tijaria Tower. The campaign aims to save a life through blood donation. Cooperation took place with the Central Blood Bank of Kuwait over a period of three days, and many employees of the Commercial Real Estate Company and many visitors of commercial malls participated in donating blood.



### **Beach Clean-Up Campaign**

Demonstrating its strong commitment to environmental sustainability and community engagement, Al Tijaria Real Estate Company proudly participated in the Kuwait Towers Beach Clean-Up Campaign in collaboration with Spread the Passion Organization. The initiative aimed to combat marine pollution by collecting waste along the beach and educating the public on the importance of preserving coastal environments. The event saw the active involvement of a large number of volunteers, including the Governor of the Capital, Sheikh Abdullah Salem Al-Ali Al-Sabah, whose presence helped emphasize the importance of environmental action. Through this meaningful contribution, Al Tijaria reinforced its role in supporting national environmental efforts and promoting a culture of responsibility toward a cleaner, greener future.



### **Visit to the National Bank Children’s Hospital**

Al-Tijaria is keen to provide psychological and social support to children with cancer by organizing a special visit to the National Bank Children’s Hospital. The visit includes educational and recreational activities, such as interactive science shows, art workshops, and group games, helping to bring joy to the children’s hearts and alleviate their suffering. At the end of the visit, symbolic gifts were distributed to the children to spread joy and enhance their hope, as part of the company’s commitment to its social responsibility toward the most vulnerable groups in society.





قاعة بوليفارد  
Boulevard Ballroom



DINEZONE

light  
Restaurants



سيمفوني للشقق المفروشة  
SYMPHONY FINISHED APARTMENTS



سيمفوني ستايل ريزيدنس  
SYMPHONY STYLE RESIDENCES

The page features decorative wavy lines in a light gray color at the top and bottom. The top lines are more densely packed and create a complex, overlapping pattern. The bottom lines are more sparse and form a simpler, flowing pattern.

[www.altijaria.com](http://www.altijaria.com)

C.R. 239 - Capital: KD 189,592,074  
Tel.: (+965) 1805252, 22902900 - Fax: (+965) 22902901  
State of Kuwait - P.O.Box: 4119 Safat 13042.  
E-mail: [crc@altijaria.com](mailto:crc@altijaria.com)  
[www.altijaria.com](http://www.altijaria.com)

